The Bombay Gazette.

No. 10,087—New Series. BOMBAY:—MONDAY, MARCH 21, 1881.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited),
Will despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. CHINSURA, 2,033 Tons, on WEDNESDAY, 23rd March, 1881, at 3 p. m., calling at Rutnagherry, Vingorla, Goa, Carwar, Coompta, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Beypore, Calicut, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Negapatam, Pondicherry, Madras, Masulipatam, Coconada, Vizagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopalpore, False Point, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

THE S. S. BURMAH, 1,081 Tons, on TUESDAY, 22nd March, 1881, at 4 p.m., calling at Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order.

FOR CUTCH, MANDAVIE AND KURRACHEE.

S. S. CALCUTTA, 863 Tons, on FRIDAY, 25th March, 1881, at 10 a. m.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, MOZAMBIQUE, INHAMBANE, QUILLIMANE, DELAGOA BAY, NATAL AND THE CAPE COLONY.

THE S. S. ABYSSINIA, 1,129 Tons, on WEDNESDAY, 6th April, 1881.

FOR QUEENSLAND.

S. S. ROMA, 2,700 Tons. The coast steamer leaving Bombay on Wednesday, 30th March, will connect at Colombo with the Queensland Royal Mail Steamer Roma from England, and passengers and cargo can be booked for the following ports :—

Batavia, Thursday Island, Cooktown, Townsville, Bowen, Rockhampton, and Brisbane.

N.B.—EXPORTS.—To save shippers the trouble of clearing and shipping, shipments not exceeding five tons will be received, and Bills of Lading granted in exchange at the Offices of the undersigned.

Railway receipts for packages from up-country should be forwarded to the undersigned, who will undertake clearance and shipment.

IMPORTS.—The undersigned undertake the landing, clearing and delivery in Bombay or forwarding by rail or steamer packages by the Company's Steamers. Bills of Lading and particulars of contents and value should accompany forwarding instructions.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 17th March, 1881. Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION with ITALY
VIA SUEZ CANAL.

ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. R. RUBATTINO & Co., GENOA.

The Regular Steamers Leave GENOA on the 24th, and BOMBAY on the 1st *of each Month.*

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY.
[Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.]

	1st Class.	2nd Class.		3rd Class.	
Aden	Rs. 220	Rs. 150	Including Wines.	Rs. 40	Without food.
Suez	,, 360	,, 220		,, 80	
Port Said	,, 380	,, 240		,, 90	
Messina	,, 500	,, 340		,, 140	
Naples	,, 500	,, 340		,, 140	
Leghorn	,, 500	,, 340		,, 140	
Genoa	,, 500	,, 340		,, 140	
Marseilles	,, 520	,, 350		,, 145	

Children under 3 years, free of charge; Children not above 10 years, half fare.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE of CHARGE to the extent allowed in the Hand books. All extra Luggage will be charged for at rates which can be learnt from the Agent.

Next steamers from Bombay :—

SINGAPORE, to sail on FRIDAY, 1st April, 1881.
MANILLA, to sail on SUNDAY, 1st May, 1881.

All Steamers of this Company have large First and Second Class accommodation, and always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess.

The Steamers of this Company start precisely at 12 noon. Passengers and heavy baggage are carried on board free of charges by the Company's steam launch leaving Apollo Bunder between 10 and 11 a. m.

First and Second Class Through Railway Tickets, from GENOA and NAPLES to LONDON, are issued here at rates which can be learnt from the undersigned.

Cargo for Barcelona and Odessa can be booked at through-rates.

For Hand-books of information, rates of Freight, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent, Rubattino S. N. Company.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle.
Bombay, 1st December, 1880.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYDS' STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

STEAM TO TRIESTE CALLING AT ADEN, SUEZ, PORTSAID AND BRINDISI.

THE following large Passenger Steamers will be despatched from BOMBAY to the abovementioned Ports :—

S. S.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	Date of sailing.
URANO	N. Ucropina	1830	400	5th April 1881.
DAPHNE	G. Doncich	1927	400	5th May.
VORWAERTS	G. Marussig	2391	450	5th June.

These voyages will be performed at *Increased Speed.*

Rates of Passage-money (exclusive of Wines and Spirits, which can be had on board at moderate prices) as under :—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
To Trieste	Rs. 400	Rs. 280	Rs. 140 0
To BRINDISI	400	280	140 0
To Cyprus (via Port Said)	375	295	143 0
To Port Said	320	255	131 0
To Suez	300	240	122 0
To Aden	170	130	66 8

Extra steamers will be despatched from Bombay to Trieste via Canal as follows :—

s. s. TEBE ....D. Lucich on or about 25th March 1881.
s. s. MEMFI ,, 25th April 1881.
s. s. CALIPSO. B. Gelcich ,, 25th May 1881.

STEAM TO HONGKONG via COLOMBO, PENANG, and SINGAPORE.

THE Co.'s S. S. VORWAERTS, Captain G. MARUSSIG, will be DESPATCHED as above on the 29th March, 1881.

No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

INSURANCES effected by the General Insurance Company (Limited), Marine Branch.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.
Sassoon House, 7, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, March 9th, 1881.

ANCHOR LINE.

S. S. ROUMANIA, 3,300 tons, 400 H. P., Captain T. Knox, WILL SAIL positively on 30th instant for Liverpool. Apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

VIENNA BEER.
IMPORTED DIRECT FROM THE BREWERY, IN SPLENDID CONDITION.

	Cash.
Per doz. Quarts	Rs. 6-8
Per doz. Pints	,, 4-4

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

ORIENTAL LOAN ASSOCIATION.

Advances made on approved Personal Security in connection with Life Policies in the Oriental Life Office.

For Proposal Forms apply to
D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A.,
MANAGING DIRECTOR.
9, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

NOTICE.

Messrs. HENRY S. KING & CO.,
LONDON,
EXECUTE ORDERS FROM ANY
CO-OPERATIVE STORE CATALOGUE,

Supplying Goods of equal quality and at the same prices. No Orders executed unless accompanied by a full Remittance.

NOTICE.

TENDERS will be received by the Commissary of Ordnance, Bombay, up to 12 noon on the 30th April, 1881, when they will be opened, for the SUPPLY to the Bombay Arsenal, from 1st January, 1882, to 31st December, 1883, of BUFFALOE and COW HIDES TANNED IN PITS ACCORDING TO THE EUROPEAN SYSTEM.

Deposit of Rupees Five Thousand to accompany Tenders.

Schedules and all papers and information can be obtained from the undersigned on payment of annas four.

F. W. SPRING, Major, R. A.,
Commissary of Ordnance.
Bombay Arsenal, 14th March, 1881.

HIGH COURT.—O. C. JURISDICTION
SUIT No. 57 OF 1878.
BAI MAMOOBAI .. .. Plaintiff.
vs.
DOSSA MOORARJEE and others .. Defendants.

TO BE LET, by order of CHARLES E. FOX, Esquire, Commissioner, High Court, Bombay, a large and commodious garden house, No. 26, consisting of three Bungalows, Cook-rooms, Stables, &c., standing in a large garden, situate at Tardeo, opposite to the Mill of the Oriental Spinning and Weaving Company, Limited, and belonging to the Estate of JAITHA LUDHANEE, deceased. Any person desirous of occupying the same must apply to either Messrs. SHAPURJEE and THAKURDAS, Solicitors, at their office, No. 23, in Rampart Row, or to Messrs. HORE, CONROY, and BROWN, at their office in Apollo Street, or to the undersigned, and should furnish a statement of the rents and terms upon which he is prepared to rent the property. Apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
28, Meadow Street, Fort, House Agent.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM to SOUTHAMPTON, BRINDISI, VENICE, MARSEILLES, ADEN, SUEZ, MALTA, AND GIBRALTAR.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched as above :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1881.
— TEHERAN	2589	400	A. C. Loggin	24th Mar.
s. MALWA	2950	500	W. Thompson	31st ,,
— SUMATRA	2488	450	R. F. Briscoe	7th Apr.
s. BRINDISI	3600	550	Geo. Lee	14th ,,
— SIAM	3026	500	A. H. Johnson	21st ,,
s. AUSTRALIA	3664	600	G. F. Cates	28th ,,
— GWALIOR	2733	450	J. Orman	5th May.
s. SURAT	3142	530	W. E. Breeze	12th ,,
— CATHAY	2983	500	W. M. Robbie	19th ,,
s. MONGOLIA	2833	530	E. M. Edmond	26th ,,
— LOMBARDY	2723	450	J. B. Chapman	31st ,,
s. ROSETTA	3500	700	A. E. Barlow	7th June.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock-head, Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, BRINDISI, VENICE, MARSEILLES, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, and SOUTHAMPTON by every Mail. The Steamers marked (s) proceed direct to Southampton. By the others Passengers change vessels at Suez, and those for Brindisi, Venice, and Marseilles are conveyed by Rail from Suez to Alexandria.

Return Tickets are now issued at reduced rates as under, THREE MONTHS from date of departure to that of return.

	Via Brindisi both ways.	Via Brindisi. one way.	Via Southampton. both ways.
First Class	Rs. 950	Rs. 1,000	Rs. 1,050
Second Class	Rs. 500	Rs. 550	Rs. 600
SIX MONTHS.			
First Class	Rs. 1,150	Rs. 1,200	Rs. 1,250
Second Class	Rs. 600	Rs. 650	Rs. 700

STEAM TO PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, AND SYDNEY, CALLING AT GALLE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1881.
ZAMBESI	2431	370	A. Simons	25 Mar.
NIZAM	2725	450	Geo. Brady	8th Apl.
KHIVA	2609	450	T. Alderton	22nd Apl.
RAVENNA	3340	700	E. Stewart	6th May

Return Tickets are now issued	1st Class.	2nd Class
To K. George's Sound, Adelaide, Melbourne or Sydney and back (available for nine months)	Rs. 600	Rs. 375
To Galle and back (available for two months)	150	75
To Penang or Singapore and back do.	450	225

Passengers for Australia change steamers at Galle.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock-head, at Mazagon, at 3 p. m., on the day of sailing.

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 15th February, 1881.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., Ld.

BOMBAY TO LONDON.

THE Company's fine new steamer CAMORTA, 2,000 tons wil sail from Bombay for London direct on 1st April.

She is a poop ship with excellent accommodation for passengers, and is fitted out with all the recent improvements. She carries a Surgeon and Stewardess.

Saloon Passage Money Rs. 500.
Second Class do. ,, 300.
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO., Agents.

ANCHOR LINE.

INDIAN SERVICE BETWEEN BOMBAY, LIVERPOOL, AND MEDITERRANEAN.

THE following sailings have been arranged :—

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

	Captains	Tons.	h.p. noml.	1881.
s.s. ROUMANIA	T. G. Knox	3300	400	30th March
s.s. BRITANNIA	R. Hutchinson	3060	400	14th May
s.s. HISPANIA	James Laird	3300	400	11th June

BOMBAY TO GENOA OR NAPLES.

	Captains	Tons.	h.p. noml.	1881.
s.s. INDIA	Geo. H. Read	2289	500	19th Mar
s.s. CASTALIA	J. D. Allison	2200	421	23rd April
s.s. MACEDONIA	Thos. Martin	2272	486	25th May

For rates and further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.
Bombay, 5th January, 1880.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TREACHER'S CHERRY-BRANDY,

MADE from selected Kent Morellas, is of its kind the finest Liqueur imported.

Cash Rs. 2-12 per bottle.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld

HOME-MADE MARMALADE.

THE FINEST THAT CAN BE MADE.

1 lb. tins. Cash 10 As.

In this preparation the flavour of the fresh Orange is fully retained, and all gross parts of the Fruit being rejected, it is adapted to the most fastidious and delicate taste.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

ARTISTS' COLOURS
AND
MATERIALS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
Manufactured by
WINDSOR and NEWTON,
On sale by their appointed Agents,
TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.
Catalogues free on application.

PETIT MEDOC CLARET.

THE Company's importation of this Wine remains unequalled at the price. The Public are respectfully requested to compare the quality with similar Brands (so styled) recently shipped to this market.

Per doz. Quarts, Cash, Rs. 13.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.

LIEBIG'S EXTRACT OF MEAT
MANUFACTURED BY
LIEBIG'S EXTRACT OF MEAT COMPANY.

THE ONLY Preparation AUTHORISED to be called by the above name, by BARON LIEBIG, the Inventor.

2 oz. Jars, Cash Rs. 1-2. 4 oz. Jars, Cash Rs. 2-0.

The Public are recommended to the use of this particular Preparation, as there are sold many others of inferior quality and strength, whose effect will but disappoint the Purchaser.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS.

NOTICE.—The Dispensing Departments of TREACHER & COMPANY, Limited, are under the supervision of thoroughly qualified and experienced ENGLISH CHEMISTS, whose particular attention is devoted to the preparation and dispensing of Medicines, and to their punctual and expeditious despatch.

The PURITY and QUALITY of the DRUGS and CHEMICALS employed are determined by Chemical Analysis, and every facility provided for preparing medicines in strict accordance with PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS.

An exact copy of every Prescription dispensed is taken and registered, whereby a reference to the same at any future period can always be readily made.

Orders from Out-stations are executed and despatched on the day they are received.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

BOMBAY—Rampart Row, the Fort : Three doors from the Bombay Club, and in the immediate vicinity of the Esplanade, Taylor's, Victoria, Waverley, and other Hotels.

BYCULLA—Junction of Clare and Bellasis Roads, near the Byculla Club, and Byculla and Adelphi Hotels.

POONA—Arsenal Road.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
CHEMISTS, &c., BY APPOINTMENT TO
THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOW READY.

THE MAIWAND COURT-MARTIAL.

FULL REPORT
OF THE
PROCEEDINGS
In Re
Major A. PURCELL CURRIE,
WITH PLAN
OF THE
BATTLEFIELD OF MAIWAND.
Price Re. 1.

BOMBAY GAZETTE OFFICE,
RAMPART ROW.

GAIETY THEATRE.

Lessees and Managers .... { Mr. Geo. NORVILLE. / Mr. Geo. CROFTON.

TO-NIGHT,
MONDAY, 21st MARCH, 1881,
BENEFIT OF
DUDLEY WYATT (MUSICAL DIRECTOR.)
BURLESQUE OF
ROBINSON CRUSOE
OR
FRIDAY (ON MONDAY.)

Robinson Crusoe....Miss. Edith Wilson
Friday ....Mr. John Turner
The Dog ....Mrs. Yates

COCOANUT DANCE BY WYATT'S WAR WHELPS,
TRAPPED, TAMED, TRAINED, AND TUTORED BY
DUDLEY WYATT.
NEW TOPICAL SONGS.
CRUSOE'S DOG.
(A GREAT DEAL LARGER THAN LIFE.)
GROTESQUE DANCE BY MAN FRIDAY.
ROBINSON CRUSOE WILL ALSO DO SO.

New and sparkling Music from "Madame Favart," "Olivette," The Pirates of Penzance, Le Roi de Lahore, Aida, Mignon and La Petite Mademoiselle.

On this occasion
MAJOR COWPER
has kindly consented to re-appear
IN THE CELEBRATED COMEDY OF
THE FIRST NIGHT,
which will precede the burlesque.

The plan of the house may be seen and seats secured, at Messrs Soundy & Co.'s.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

PAREL MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.
A
GRAND PIANOFORTE RECITAL
UNDER THE IMMEDIATE PATRONAGE
OF
H. E. the Right Hon. Sir JAMES FERGUSSON, K.C.M.G., C.I.E., Governor of Bombay,
AND
F. MATHEW, Esquire,
Agent and Chief Engineer, B. B. and C. I. Ry.,
AND
OFFICERS OF THE COMPANY,
Will take place in the above Institute,
ON
TUESDAY, 29th MARCH, 1881.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.

Front seats (numbered and reserved)	Re. 1 0
Second seats	Re. 0 8

Children under 12 years, Half price.
Tickets to be obtained from the Council.
Doors open at 8-30 p. m., to commence at 9 p. m. local time.
OWEN TOMLINSON, Honry. Secretary.

THE INTEREST and RESPONSIBILITY of Mr. NOBLE CARR RICHARDSON in our Firm ceased on the 28th ultimo. All liabilities will be discharged and debts collected by the remaining partners, William Richardson and Noble Richardson, Junior.

RICHARDSON & Co.
Bombay, 12th March, 1881.

WE beg to INTIMATE that we have AMALGAMATED our business as Engineers, Iron Founders, and Metal Merchants from the 1st instant. The style of the Firm will now be RICHARDSON and CRUDDAS.

We have purchased the Byculla Iron Works, and business will be carried on there and at the Byculla Foundry and Engineering Works.

RICHARDSON & Co.
A. CRUDDAS & Co.
Bombay, 12th March, 1881.

MR. GEORGE RICHARDSON was admitted a PARTNER in our Firm on the 1st instant.

RICHARDSON & CRUDDAS.
Bombay, 12th March, 1881.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS will be RECEIVED by the MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER for the City of Bombay up to MONDAY, the 28th instant, at 2 p. m., for the undermentioned works :—

1. Constructing a new shed, store office, &c., at the Water Works Depôt, Chinchpogly.
2. Laying 5", 4" and 3" water mains in Argyll Road.
3. Constructing a 12" stoneware pipe drain on the flats.

Forms of contract, specifications and all other information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

The Acting Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner,
C. B. BRAHAM, C. E.,
Deputy Executive Municipal Engineer in charge.
Bombay, Executive Engineer's Office, 18th March, 1881.

MEDICINE CHESTS.

"All Englishmen travel with Medicine Chests."
(Rt. Hon'ble Lord Beaconsfield.)

A Large Assortment always kept of Patterns specially adapted to this Country. Can be filled and completed at the shortest Notice. Send for Descriptive Price List.

"Models of Compactness."—*Indian Statesman.*
"Must be both popular and really valuable."—*Englishman.*

D. S. KEMP & Co.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

D. S. KEMP & Co.,
WHOLESALE CHEMISTS
and
MANUFACTURERS,
SHIPPERS OF INDIAN DRUGS.
(Prize Medal, 1873.)

Price Lists, Wholesale and General, furnished on receipt of Card.

SASSOON HOUSE, FORT, BOMBAY.

TO BE LET, an upper-stored BUNGALOW in Nesbit Lane, Byculla, opposite the Army Clothing Office. If the tenant willing to engage the Bungalow for long lease the landlord will thoroughly paint and whitewash the Bungalow according to the tenant's wish and choice. For rent and other particulars apply to

B. SAKARAMJEE & Co.,
33, Meadow Street. House and Estate Agents.

TO BE LET, an upper-storied BUNGALOW on the Doongersy Road, Malabar Hill, just vacated by J. Madden, Esq., containing, 4 bed attached with dressing and bath-rooms, a nice drawing and dining-room, stable and compound, Vehar water laid in the premises. The Bungalow is matted throughout. For rent and other particulars apply to

B. SAKARAMJEE & Co.,
33, Meadow Street. House and Estate Agents.

TO BE LET, the top-floor of a commodious BUNGALOW in Chowpatty, just vacated by Rev. G. Ledgard. It has separate entrance and kitchen, and use of a stable; water laid in the premises; large compound. Rent only Rs. 65, including all Municipal taxes. Apply to

B. SAKARAMJEE & Co.,
33, Meadow Street. House and Estate Agents.

TO BE LET, the SECOND and THIRD FLOOR in Hornby Row, now in the occupation of the Police Officer, facing the sea. Apply to

B. SAKARAMJEE & Co.,
33, Meadow Street. House and Estate Agents.

TO BE LET, the commodious and airy BUNGALOW on the Land's End, Malabar Hill, just vacated by T. W. Pearson, Esq. Rent only Rs. 165. Another two Bungalows on the Ridge, Malabar Hill. Rent Rs. 165 and Rs. 175. Other eight Bungalows on the Hill. Rent Rs. 225 to Rs. 75. Apply to

B. SAKARAMJEE & Co.,
33, Meadow Street. House and Estate Agents.

TREACHER AND COMPANY'S UNRIVALLED SHERRIES.

CASH. Per dozen.		CASH. Per dozen.
17 0	YELLOW SEAL A light Spanish Wine of fair quality.	17 0
20 0	EXTRA DRY PALE A light, natural, unblended Wine.	20 0
23 0	PALE DINNER An excellent Wine for general use.	23 0
27 0	VINO DE PASTO A good, genuine Dinner Wine.	27 0
30 0	OLD DRY Very superior, soft and dry.	30 0
30 0	GOLDEN A rich, nutty flavoured Dessert Wine.	30 0
30 0	SUPERIOR FINO Old, pure, delicate, dry.	30 0
30 0	MANZANILLA Very dry and pale.	30 0
38 0	SUPERIOR AMONTILLADO Very old and choice.	38 0

TREACHER AND COMPANY, Ld.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, & POONA.

SONGS BY MONICA.

	Rs.
O! Tarry the Lord's Leisure. (*Sacred.*) Compass C to F	1 4
The Harvest truly is Plenteous (*Sacred.*) Compass B to E	1 4
I Know a Little Garden Close. Compass B to F. Words from Morris's Life and Death of Jason	1 8
The Happy Princess. Compass D to F. Words from Tennyson's "Day Dream"	1 8
Between Me and Thee. Compass B to G	1 4
Little Sealskin. Compass B to E	1 8
The Song of an Indian Waterfall (Guirsapa). Compass E to F	1 4

The above can be obtained from
S. ROSE & CO., BOMBAY.

NOW READY.

INDEX GEOGRAPHICUS INDICUS:

Being a List, Alphabetically arranged, of the Principal places in her Imperial Majesty's Indian Empire, accompanied by notes and statements statistical, political, and descriptive, of the several provinces and administrations of the Empire, the Native States, independent and feudatory, attached to and in political relationship with each, and other information relating to India and the East, Latitudes, Longitudes, and Heights above Sea Level of the several Military Cantoments, Sanataria, Civil Stations, &c.

WITH MAPS.

The Spelling of all the Names being in accordance with the recent Orthography authorised by the Government of India.

By J. FREDERICK BANESS, F. R. G. S.
Survey of India.

In one Volume, Super-royal 8vo., half bound Roan. Twelve Rupees.

W. NEWMAN & CO. CALCUTTA.
THACKER & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

BOMBAY CASH BAZAAR.

JUST RECEIVED a CHOICE ASSORTMENT of LADIES TRIMMED HATS and BONNETS of the LATEST FASHIONS.

ALSO LADIES AND GENTLEMEN'S DOUBLE TERAI HATS.

Price, Rs. 6-12 each.

BOMBAY CASH BAZAAR,
ESPLANADE CROSS-ROAD, CRAWFORD MARKET, BOMBAY.

HAT DEPARTMENT.

OUR HATS are made by the best manufacturers to special order for Eastern wear. The following list will give an idea as to the style and shape now mostly worn :—

CASH PRICES.

DRESS HATS.

	Rs. as.
Lincoln, Bennett & Co.'s extra light Dress Hats..each	14 0
Extra quality Tall Drab Hats, best Beaver Felt.. ,,	12 0
FELT HATS FOR EVENING WEAR.	
Black Felt, soft round crown	8 8
,, Stiff round crown	8 8
Extra quality do. do.	9 8
Drab Felt do. do.	9 8
Beaver Brown do. do.	9 8
Drab Felt, flat crown, soft spring brim	8 8
Black Felt, flat hard crown	8 8
Extra quality do. do.	9 8
The "Tyrol," extra quality, soft Black Felt	9 8
Straw Boating Hats, black band	3 8
FOR TRAVELLERS.	
Soft Tweed Hats, all colors	5 0
Cashmere Turbans	2 8
Tweed ,,	3 8
Imitation seal-skin	5 0
Tweed Caps in great variety	3 8
Travelling Caps with Ear Flaps, suitable for cold countries	4 8
The "Glengary"	5 0
The "Balmoral"	5 0

SUN HELMETS.

	Rs. as.
White Helmets for Undress or Civilians, Drill on Cork and Felt	11 8
White Helmets, extra layers of Cork, a splendid protection	16 0
Best Regulation Helmets, covered white Doe and lined Silk	22 0
Drab Felt Helmets, with patent inner band, easy fitting	18 0
Drab Felt Helmets, with outside Felt Turban	18 0
Drab Felt Hunting Helmets, with patent inner band.	16 0
Drab Felt Hunting Helmets, very light, a useful Hat for the Hills	9 8
White Hunting Helmets, Cork on Felt, straight brim in front and Drooped Back to protect the neck	14 0
Do. do. extra layers of Cork	16 0
Tan Shikar Hunting Helmet, Cork and Felt, same shape as above, a most useful Shooting or District Hat	15 0
Andre's Terai Hats, very useful for the Hills	18 0
Ladies' Terai	18 0
Solar Topees, in a variety of good shapes, for Ladies and Gentlemen..from	6 8

OUR NEW ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE FORWARDED ON APPLICATION

ASQUITH AND LORD,
BOMBAY.

GENTLEMEN'S BANIANS OR UNDER-VESTS, DRAWERS, PANTS, &c.

CASH DISCOUNT—Two annas in the rupee.

GENT'S BANIANS OR UNDER-VESTS.

	Rs. a.
GAUZE BANIANS ..Six	14 0
FINE GAUZE MERINO BANIANS ,,	21 0
SUPERFINE; a special article for Indian wear; thin, soft, and shrinkless ,,	27 0
SUMMER MERINO, a Vest stouter than the above, Medium substance ,,	34 0
FINE, ZEPHYR OR MERINO NET BANIANS, highly recommended for corpulent men, possessing all the absorbing qualities of an ordinary Banian with half its weight; the most elastic Under-vest made ,,	35 0
ANGLO-INDIAN GAUZE, a mixture of Silk and Wool: shrinkless, very elastic, and non-irritating ,,	40 0
DRAB MERINO, with Long Sleeves, for the Homeward journey or Cool Climates ..each	6 8
GREY SCOTCH SHETLAND LAMB'S WOOL, with Long Sleeves; the warmest Vest made, recommended for wear in Europe during the Winter ,,	7 0

CARDIGAN JACKETS.

FINE BERLIN-WOOL Knitted	10 0
EXTRA FINE do. do.	12 0

GENT'S DRAWERS AND PANTS.

	Rs. a.
SHORT KNICKERBOCKER OR TRUNK DRAWERS for Riding, fine Brown Cotton, double-seated ..per pair	5 0
LONG DRAWERS, fine dressed Brown Cotton, double-seated, with deep Belt Bends	7 8
BATHING DRAWERS, fine Brown Cotton	1 8
Plain Colors do. do.	1 12
Fancy Stripes do. do.	2 0
WHITE SUMMER MERINO PANTS, fitted with Belt Bands	6 12
BEST STOUT DRAB MERINO PANTS, for the Homeward journey or Cold Districts	6 8
GREY SCOTCH SHETLAND LAMB'S WOOL PANT, for wear in Europe during the Winter months	7 0

MUFFLERS.

FINE WHITE BERLIN-WOOL	2 0
WHITE CASHMERE SQUARES, very soft and comfortable	2 8
WHITE CASHMERE SQUARES	3 8

POLO AND FOOTBALL SUITS.

JERSEY, HOSE, CAP } Red and White / Blue and White } Suit .. 12 8

OUR NEW ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES ON APPLICATION.

HOAR & CO.—HOSIERS—BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

IN THE PRESS.

"SERIOUS REFLECTIONS"
AND OTHER CONTRIBUTIONS
TO THE
BOMBAY GAZETTE.
BY THE LATE
GEORGE ABERIGH-MACKAY,
UNDER THE NOM DE PLUME
OF
OUR POLITICAL ORPHAN.
About 350 pages; Demy 8vo.
Price Rs. 2-8.

ORDERS NOW REGISTERED AT
THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OFFICE

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

A SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING of the Municipal Corporation of Bombay, as already advertised, will be held in the Municipal Offices at 3 o'clock p.m. THIS DAY, MONDAY.

H. WYNFORD BARROW,
Clerk, Municipal Corporation, and Secretary, Town Council.
Municipal Offices, Bombay, 21st March, 1881.

TREACHER & CO.'S SUPERFINE VIOLET POWDER.

A combination of Farinaceous and Vegetable Ingredients, scented with agreeable and attractive Perfumes.

IT is perfectly innocuous to the most delicate skin, well adapted as an absorbent Powder for TOILET AND NURSERY USE IN INDIA, and guaranteed to be Free from Arsenic or other injurious matter

	Cash.	Credit.
Small-size Tins	Rs. 0 10	0 12
Double-size Tins	,, 1 0	1 2

TREACHER and COMPANY, Ld.,
Pharmacists and Dispensing Chemists.

COSTUME OATMEAL CLOTH.

28 inches White, Re. 1-0 per yard.
28 inches Cream, Re. 1-0 per yard.
28 inches Slate, Re. 1-0 per yard.
28 inches Scarlet, Re. 1-0 per yard.
28 inches Navy, Re. 1-0 per yard.
Patterns Post Free.
10 PER CENT. DISCOUNT FOR CASH.

WATSON & CO.,
ESPLANADE HOTEL, BOMBAY.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

HAMILTON'S.—Undoubtedly one of the cleanest and most comfortable Hotels in India.—Geo. HILEY. February 25, 1881.

ROBINSON CRUSOE'S DOG, Mrs. YATES, at the GAIETY, TO-NIGHT.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.'s CLARETS, 1st Growths to light. All prices. See List.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.'s BURGUNDIES. All prices. See List.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.'s SHERRY, from choice Amontillado to ordinary, in every variety of style. See List.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.'s INVALID PORT, highly recommended. Cash, 1 doz. qts. Rs. 26-4, 2 doz. pts. Rs. 28-4; Credit, 1 doz. qts. Rs. 27-8, 2 doz. pts. Rs. 29-8.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.'s OLD CRUSTED PORT (Choice, some years in bottle) for after-dinner. Cash, 1 doz. qts. Rs. 36-4; Credit, 1 doz. qts. Rs. 38.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.'s DESSERT PORT. Black seal, fruity and mature. Cash, 1 doz. qts. Rs. 22, 2 doz. pts. Rs. 23; Credit, 1 doz. qts. Rs. 23, 2 doz. pts. Rs. 24.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.'s WHISKY, Irish and Scotch. Crown Brand. Cash, 1 doz. qts. Rs. 18; Credit, 1 doz. qts. Rs. 18-8.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.'s WHISKY, Irish and Scotch. Fine, old and pure. Cash, 1 doz. qts. Rs. 23-4; Credit, 1 doz. qts. Rs. 24.

CUTLER, PALMER'S LIST has full details of all their specialities.

INSPECTION PARADE.—D Co. B. V. R. DRILLS, at Byculla every morning and evening during the week. Red uniform.

WANTED a good COMPOUNDER by TREACHER and Co., Fort Establishment. Must be steady and a good Dispenser.

FINE Old Campbeltown WHISKEY for sale at Rs. 21 per doz. D. MACFADYEN and Co., 33, Elphinstone Circle.

NICOLSON'S EDINBURGH PALE ALE in Hhds, in excellent condition. Apply to SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.

WYATT'S WAR WHELPS, trapped, tamed and tutored by DUDLEY WYATT, at the Gaiety TO-NIGHT in Robinson Crusoe.

WANTED a good SODA-WATER MACHINE, new or second-hand. Apply, giving full particulars, to "J. S.," care of this paper.

ART POTTERY.—SUITED for PRESENTS. Address to the CLERK, Pottery Works, Sir J. J. School of Art, Esplanade, Bombay.

FOR SALE, at SCOTT & Co.'s, Girgaum, a grey Arab GELDING, 6 years old, 14-2 high, a good charger and perfectly quiet. Price Rs. 600.

FOR SALE, a new Victoria and two fast trotting Arab PONIES. English silver-plated Harness. Apply "C. H. H.," care of this paper.

SCOTCH WHISKY ("Glenfullock"), five years old, and of perfectly level flavour, at Rs. 21 per dozen.—WALLACE and Co., 4, Elphinstone Circle.

IN answer to numerous enquiries, J. J. L. DAVIS, Surgeon Dentist, is now in Bombay, and may be consulted at Taylor's Hotel. Fees strictly moderate.

RAILWAY ACCIDENTS NO MORE.—Use Drake's "PLATELAYER'S COMPANION" extant. To be had of THACKER and Co. and COOPER and Co., Bombay.

LOST, a large black Retriever DOG, wearing a brass collar, on which is engraved "Lion," property of MAJOR ENGLEDEU, R. E. A REWARD will be given to any person bringing the dog to 14, Tents, Esplanade, Bombay.

MESSRS. FAVRE, LEUBA & Co. have just unpacked a choice selection of 18-carat gold Bracelets, Ladies' Lockets, Gent's Lockets, Gent's Signet Rings, Seals for Pendants to Watch Chains, etc. Inspection is invited.

MALABAR HILL.—TO BE LET for two or more months, a comfortably furnished BUNGALOW in cool situation, containing three bed-rooms with dressing and bath-rooms attached. Carriages, horses, &c., may also be had. Apply to "J. H. S.," Bank of Bombay.

ENGLISH CHURCH LIFE IN INDIA, ITS SPECIAL DANGERS AND SAFEGUARDS: A CHARGE delivered to the clergy of the Diocese of Bombay, in S. Thomas' Cathedral, on the eve of S. Mathias, 1881, by Louis George forth Bishop of Bombay. Price 12 annas. Copies can be had at THACKER and Co., Ld., and at the Bombay Education Society's Press.

FOR SALE, the property of ALLEN SHUTTLEWORTH, Esq., a large, strong built and roomy Tonga, with moveable top, and a pair of young, powerful, weight carrying, steady and thoroughly quiet Arab galloways, 13-3½, with a set of English brass mounted double harness, fitted with substitute saddles, crupper and traces of native make for tonga use. Price, Rs. 900.—Apply to Frank Orr, Mahableshwar.

CHOPS, STEAKS, Ham Sandwiches, Curry and Rice, Bread and Cheese, Tea and Coffee, Ices, Wines and Spirits.—PEARSE'S, Rampart Row.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHIARINI'S ROYAL ITALIAN CIRCUS AND PERFORMING ANIMALS.

MONDAY, MARCH 21, 1881,
AND EVERY EVENING AT 9 O'CLOCK.
MATINEES: WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS,
AT 3-30 P. M.
THIRD WEEK AND CONTINUED SUCCESS.
ANOTHER GRAND CHANGE OF PROGRAMME
AND
STILL MORE NOVELTIES!
FIRST APPEARANCE OF THE
BEAUTIFUL AND GIFTED LADY JESTER,
Dancer, Vocalist, Character and Lightning Change Artiste,
MISS GEORGINA SMITHSON,
Who will appear in a Refined and Pleasing Budget of Wit and Mirth, Concluding with her
WONDERFUL MAGIC TRANSFORMATIONS.

SIGNOR CHIARINI desires to call particular attention to this decidedly novel and interesting portion of the Entertainment.

THE GREAT VERLETTI
ON THE THREE
FLYING TRAPEZES!
WITH
SEVERAL BACKWARD AND FORWARD
SOMERSAULTS IN MID-AIR,
While flying from Bar to Bar, a distance of
TWENTY-FIVE FEET!
PLATE-SPINNING
by the wonderful Equilibrist,
A. DUNBAR.
"PRINCE" AND "DUKE,"
The Beautiful Chilian Stalions,
presented by
SIGNOR GIUSEPPE CHIARINI.
THE WONDERFUL PERFORMING DOGS!
"ROMEO" AND "PRINCE."
MISS ANNIE SHIELDS
ON THE BALANCING TRAPEZE!
Mr. L. LEE,
in his great act of
INDIAN JUGGLING ON HORSE-BACK.
MERRY MOMENTS
with the
DROLLEST OF ENGLISH CLOWN,
JAMES HOLLOWAY.
FIRST TIME OF THE
Comic Pantomime,
THE SKELETON WITNESS!
arranged by, and produced under, the supervision of
AUGUST LEHMAN,
CHARACTERS BY THE ENTIRE COMPANY.
THE ROYAL BENGAL TIGERS!
exhibited by their trainer, Mr. LORENZ JOHNSON.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.

Boxes with 6 chairs	Rs. 18 0
,, 4 ,,	,, 12 0
Dress Circle, chairs	,, 2 0
Stalls	,, 1 0
Gallery	,, 0 8

Children under 10 years of age, also Soldiers and Non-Commissioned Officers, half price, except to boxes and gallery.

GRAND FAMILY MATINEES
on
Saturdays and Wednesdays at 3-30 P. M.
G. AGRATI, General Agent.

CAUCASIAN INSECT POWDER.

A MASS of spontaneous testimony has been received from all parts of India proving the surpassing efficacy of this powder in destroying Fleas and other noxious insects in Dogs and domestic animals. "Boon to sportsmen," "absolutely and thoroughly efficacious," "most satisfactory," "economical," "unparalleled," "admirable" and such like expletives which have been applied to it by no means exaggerate its excellence. *Vide* letter by "Glencairn" in the *Asian* of February 3, 1880. Be careful not to accept any other Powder as "the same thing." Ours is obtained from a Special Source and is endowed with an activity not approached by any other.

Tins Re. 1, Rs. 1-12, and Rs. 3-8.

D. S. KEMP & CO.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
2, MARINE STREET, BOMBAY.

USUAL AUCTION SALE.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 21st instant, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms :—

10 cases prints.
4 do. white drills.
4 bales grey mulls.
8 do. do. shirtings.
4 cases brown drills.

On account and at the risk of the first purchaser, Megji Moolji—

S E—I D—612-13—2 cases green sarries.
,, 611-15—2 ,, turkey red sarries.

On account of the concerned—
100 rolls roofing felt.
On account of the concerned—
2 bales canvas S. W. damaged.
AT 2 P. M.

Any carriages and horses that may be offered.

SALE OF VERY VALUABLE JEWELLERY.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 21st instant, at 3 P.M., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms by order of Nuthooram Joravurmull, and on account and at the risk of Bhaichund Vurdhman—

Head ornament, called Sirpej, in 2 pieces with 32 big and 24 small diamonds and 1 ruby,
1 big diamond ring, about 28 rutties.
1 ,, ,, 30 ,,

By order of Mr. Muncherjee Framjee Laher, and on account and at the risk of Ardaseer Cowasjee Joga—

12 diamond and ruby hoop rings.
12 ruby hoop and rose rings.
1 diamond and emerald hoop ring.
3 diamond rings.
28 Cambay and gold stones.
1 packet of rubies and 1 piece of gold.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AND HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AT SATTARA, AND LAND AT PUNCHGUNNY.

Under instructions from the Administrator-General, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises at Sattara on WEDNESDAY, the 23rd day of March, at 2 p.m., the undermentioned valuable landed property and household furniture belonging to the estate of the late Mr. W. Baillie :—

A piece of ground containing by admeasurement 6 acres and 25 goontas, or thereabout, together with the three bungalows with outhouses standing thereon and respectively known by the names of "Rock Lodge," "East End," and "Rose Villa."

And at the "Rock Lodge" a quantity of household furniture comprising drawing-room, dining, writing, dressing and wash-hand tables, arm and easy chairs, sofas, teapoys, screens, side board, camp cots, &c.

The furniture will be sold first, and then the Bungalows.

At the same place and immediately after the sale of the above the undersigned will also sell, under instructions from the Administrator-General, all the right, title and interest of the late Hajee Hoosein Bin Mohideen in two pieces of ground Nos. 10,112 and 11,185, and respectively situated at the villages of Taravel and Hingney, Petta Khavut, Zilla Sattara.

And on SATURDAY, the 26th day of March, at 4 p. m., the undersigned will sell by order of the Administrator-General on the premises a piece of ground at Punchgunny, belonging to the estate of the late Mr. Lawrence Lawson.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned at the Office in Marine Street, Fort, Bombay.

On SATURDAY, the 26th instant, sale commencing at 1 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Grant Road, opposite the station, the valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best platedware, rich crockery and glassware, a mahogany square pianoforte by John Broadwood and Sons, a Wheeler and Wilson's sewing machine, a large sized aviary with birds, choice plants in tubs and pots, &c., the property of W. A. Crisp, Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

On SATURDAY, the 2nd April, sale commencing at 1 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Mount Road, Mazagon, the valuable and handsome carved and French-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best platedware, rich crockery and glassware, a light English-built brougham with a strong bay Arab horse, pictures, table ornaments, &c., the property of the Rev. C. W. Park.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES near the Trinity Chapel, Dhobie Talao, by order of Dyall Bhimjee, the Mortgagee, and with the consent of the Mortgagors, Suntookjee Sorabjee and Dhunjeebhoy Sorabjee Suntook.

Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, on SATURDAY, the 2nd day of April 1881, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, the following lots :—

Lot No. 1—All that piece of ground with the tiled shed standing thereon, formerly used as a Gymnasium-school, situate on the Sonapur Beach-road, assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No. 85 and by the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 8,356, containing by admeasurement 38 feet and 6 inches in length, and 27 feet in breadth; and bounded on the north by the 4th Marine Lane, on the south by the property of Avabai, widow of Rustomjee Shapoorjee Watcha, on the east by the property of Dinshaw Dorabjee Mistry, and on the west by the Sonapore Beach Road.

Also a large piece of vacant ground situate at Sonapore Beach Road, in the undermentioned 25 lots :—

Lot Nos.	Length.	Breadth.	Square yards.
2	54 feet	16 to 16½ feet	97 4-9
3	54 ,,	16 to 16½ ,,	97 4-9
4	54 ,,	16 to 16½ ,,	97 4-9
5	60 ,,	28 ,,	186 6-9
6	60 ,,	22 ,,	146 6-9
7	60 ,,	20 to 21 ,,	136 6-9
8	60 ,,	30 to 20 ,,	166 3-9
On MONDAY, the 4th day of April 1881, at 3 o'clock.			
9	66 to 56 feet	24 feet	155
10	56 to 55 ,,	24 ,,	148
11	55 ,,	24 ,,	146 6-9
12	55 to 54 ,,	24 ,,	145 5-9
13	84 to 84½ ,,	23 ,,	216 5-9
14	70½ to 84½ ,,	20½ ,,	185 1-9
15	70 4-12 ,,	24 to 23 ,,	183 4-9
16	70 4-12 ,,	24 to 23 ,,	183 4-9
On TUESDAY, the 5th day of April 1881, at 3 o'clock.			
17	48 feet	18 feet	96
18	46 to 40 ,,	24½ ,,	117
19	37 ,,	23½ ,,	96 5-9
20	36 ,,	21 ,,	84
21	36 ,,	21 ,,	84
22	36 ,,	21 ,,	84
On WEDNESDAY, the 6th day of April 1881, at 3 o'clock.			
23	36 feet	21 feet	84
24	36 ,,	21 ,,	84
25	30 ,,	41 ,,	136 6-9
26	30 ,,	41 ,,	136 6-9

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Mr. Khunderao Morojee, Attorney for the Mortgagee, at his office, No. 41, Meadow Street, Fort, Bombay.

CRAWFORD & Co.
Bombay, 21st March, 1881.

NEW ADVERTISEMENT.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per Italian Mail-steamer SINGAPORE, Captain G. Merello, arrived in Bombay Harbour on the 19th instant, are hereby requested to send BILLS of LADING for countersignature and PAY FREIGHT (if any) and apply for DELIVERY ORDERS at the Company's office, Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, without delay.

All claims for short delivery, &c., must be sent in before the departure of the steamer, otherwise they will not be admitted under any circumstances.

F. BOZZONI, Agent, Rubattino S. N. Company.

NOTICE.
No. T. 10—10,778 of 1881.

WITH reference to this Office Advertisement of the 14th instant, notice is hereby given that under instructions received from Government hired tonnage will NOT be required for the conveyance of the 392 Europeans from Bombay to England.

G. O'B. CAREW, President, Transport Offices.
I. G. Dockyard, Bombay, 19th March, 1881.

PIANOS, by KEITH, PROWSE & Co., of London, specially prepared for India, DELIVERED FREE in Bombay, Karachi or Calcutta for Rs. 500, valued by judges who have tried them as being well worth Rs. 750.

WM. WATSON & CO.,
Sole Agents.
Bombay, 28, Apollo Street; and Calcutta, 9, Ezra Street.

THE VICTORIA MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Ld.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND at the rate of Rs. 50 per share will be PAID at the registered office of the Company, No. 6, Hornby Row, on and after WEDNESDAY, the 23rd instant, between 11 a.m. and 3 p.m.

By order of the Board, for the Victoria Manufacturing Company, Limited,

C. & F. DINSHAWJEE, Agents.
Bombay, 21st March, 1881.

BILLIARD TABLES.

WE have been APPOINTED AGENTS for GEO. WRIGHT & Co., of London, who are well-known to be first-class Manufacturers of Billiard Tables, and have just received a first consignment. To encourage business we are prepared to supply Billiard Tables with all accompaniments including Lamps, &c., on such terms as the following:—To Members of Banks or other Establishments who live together, and who would wish to take over a Table and pay for it in so many months—say, the Table complete with Lamps, &c., &c., as per list, which can be seen on application, cost Rs. 1,404, (usual charge Rs. 1,800) to be sold for that sum to 5 gentlemen living in one house, payable over a term of 9 months, Rs. 156 each month, so that each gentleman would contribute per mensem Rs. 31.

WM. WATSON & Co.
Bombay, 28, Apollo Street; Calcutta, 9, Ezra Street.

TREACHER & COMPANY (Ld.)

CHAMPAGNE & DISTRICT KNIVES.

	Rs.	a.	Rs.	a.
CHAMPAGNE KNIVES, with hook, corkscrew, large and small blade, and electro-plated metal handles	4	0	4	8
TREACHER'S CAMP KNIVES, containing corkscrew, champagne-hook, large blade, wood saw, gimlet, leather borer, button-hook and screw-driver, durably mounted in finest nickel silver handles	5	0	5	12
Ditto ditto of larger size	6	4	7	0

TREACHER & COMPANY (Ld.)
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

PROCLAMATION.—BOMBAY TO WIT.—By virtue of a Precept to me directed, I hereby proclaim and give notice that the Second SESSIONS of 1881 of OYER and TERMINER and GENERAL GAOL DELIVERY will be holden before the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, at the Court House, on MONDAY, the eleventh day of April next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, for the trial of all Treasons, Murders, and other Felonies, Perjuries, Trespasses, and other Crimes, Misdemeanors, and Offences, had, done, or committed within the Town and Island of Bombay, and the limits thereof, and the Factories subordinate thereto; and also to inquire, hear, and determine in the like manner all Treasons, Murders, Felonies, Forgeries, Perjuries, Crimes, Extortions, Misdemeanors, Offences, Wrongs, and Oppressions, had, done, or committed by any of Her Majesty's British Subjects in any of the Territories which now are subject to, or dependent upon, the Government of Bombay, or within any of the Dominions of the Native Princes of India in alliance with the said Government.

And also, that at the same time and place will be holden a SESSION of ADMIRALTY for the trial of all Treasons, Murders, Piracies, Robberies, Felonies, Misdemeanors, Offences, and other Maritime Crimes whatsoever done or committed on the High Seas.

And I hereby give notice to all persons bound to prosecute and give evidence at the above Sessions, or in any way concerned therein that they are to attend at the time and place above mentioned, and not to depart without leave of the Court.

And I hereby give notice to all Justices of the Peace, Coroners, Escheators, and also all Chief Constables and Bailiffs of the Town and Island of Bombay and the limits thereof, that they be then and there in their own persons, with their Rolls, Records, Indictments, and other Remembrances, to do those things which to their offices in that behalf appertain to be done.—Dated this 17th day of April 1881.

SORABJEE S. BENGALLEE,
Sheriff of Bombay.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
Suit No. 193 of 1874, of the Court of the First-class Subordinate Judge at Nasick.

NOWROJEE BALABHAI, Parsee, of the Tanna District .... Plaintiff.
vs.
MAGDOOM, alias FAKIR VALAD AMAD SAHIB CHIMEKAR, GULAM MOHIDIN VALAD AMAD SAHIB CHIMEKAR, and HUSEIN VALAD AMAD SAHIB CHIMEKAR, of the Tanna District .... Defendants.

PURSUANT to a Decree made in the above suit by the Court at Nasick, bearing date the 28th of March, 1877, and an order made in the above suit by the Honourable Mr. Justice Bayley in his Chambers, and bearing date the 10th day of March, 1879, the following IMMOVEABLE PROPERTIES WILL BE SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION in two lots before Charles Edward Fox, Esquire, Commissioner of this Honourable Court, at his Office in the Court House, on WEDNESDAY, the 13th day of April, 1881, at the hour three o'clock in the afternoon.

LOT No. 1.

All the estate and interest of the abovenamed plaintiff, Nowrojee Balabhai, and of the abovenamed defendants, Magdoom alias Fakir Valad Amad Sahib Chimekar, Gulam Mohidin Valad Amad Sahib Chimekar and Husien Valad Amad Sahib Chimekar, or any of them, in all that piece or parcel of Pension and Tax Land, situate at Vithal Vaddy Cross Lane, in the registration sub-district of Fort, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 3,736 square yards or thereabouts, called or known by the name of Telwady Oart, and registered under No. 770 in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue, and bounded as follows:—On or towards the north by the properties of Shivram Dowlutram, Noorbhoy Adamjee, Amadbhoy Curimbhoy and others, on or towards the south by the properties of Jeewajee Manockjee, Runchordass Morarjee, Ramchunder Dinanath and others, on or towards the east by the properties of Moolchund Hemchund, Jaikisondass Gungadass, Dhondooraj Vinaek Davuikar and others, and on or towards the west by the properties of Candass Narrondass and others; which said land was formerly and is now occupied by the tenants of the abovenamed defendants together. Firstly, with all the messuage or tenement standing on the said piece or parcel of land fronting the west side of Vithal Vaddi Cross Lane aforesaid, assessed by the Collector of Municipal taxes under No. 60, and bounded as follows:—On or towards the north by the house of Hirabai, widow, on or towards the south by a passage, on or towards the east by the said Vithul Vaddi Cross Lane, and on or towards the west by vacant ground; and which said messuage or tenements were formerly in the occupation of the said defendants or their tenants, but are now vacant. And secondly, with all the messuage or their tenement standing on the said piece or parcel of land admeasuring 110 square yards or thereabouts, and situate on the west side of the said Vithul Vaddy Cross Lane, assessed by the Collector of Municipal taxes under No. 66, and bounded as follows:—On or towards the north by vacant ground, on or towards the south by a sweeper's passage, on or towards the east by a passage, and on towards the west by a sweeper's passage; and which said messuages or tenements were formerly and are now in the occupation of the said defendants or their tenants.

LOT No. 2.

All the estate and interest of the abovenamed plaintiff, Nowrojee Balabhai, and of the abovenamed defendants, Magdoom alias Fakir Valud Amad Sahib Chimekar, Gulam Mohidin Valud Amad Sahib Chimekar, and Husein Valad Amad Sahib Chimekar, or any of them, in all that piece or parcel of Government land or ground, together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate on the north side of Musjid Lane in the registration sub-district of Fort, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 77 square yards or thereabouts, assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 5,851 and by the Collector of Municipal taxes under No. 3, and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the north by the property of Laljee Mowjee, on or towards the south by the said Musjid Lane, on or towards the east by a public passage, and on or towards the west by the property of Javarchund Kurrumchund; and which said premises were formerly and are now in the occupation of the defendants or their tenants.

For further particulars and conditions of sale applications may be made at the office of the said Commissioner in the Court House, or at the office of Messrs. ARDESIR and HORMUSJEE, No. 1, Church Gate Street, Fort.

Dated this 25th day of February, 1881.
CHARLES E. FOX, Commissioner.

J. NEUBERG'S
CIGARETTE MANUFACTORY.

FINEST TURKISH,
AROMATIQUE.

		per 1,000	per 100
No. 1	EMPRESS	Rs. 34	Rs. 3 8
,, 2	PRINCE	,, 30	,, 3 4
,, 3	TRIUMPH	,, 28	,, 3 0
,, 4	IONE	,, 24	,, 2 8

MILD TURKISH,
MOST DELICATE AND AGREEABLE.

		per 1,000	per 100
No. 5	SUCCESS	Rs. 24	Rs. 2 8
,, 6	MEDON	,, 20	,, 2 4
,, 7	BIJOUX	,, 18	,, 2 0
,, 8	NYDIA	,, 18	,, 2 0
,, 9	NYMPH	,, 15	,, 1 12

GOLDEN SHAG,
EXQUISITE FLAVOUR AND BOUQUET.

		per 1,000	per 100
No. 10	CONFIANCE	Rs. 20	Rs 2 4
,, 11	ASSOCIATE	,, 18	,, 2 0
,, 12	CONSTANTIA	,, 15	,, 1 12

GOLDEN VIRGINIA,
PLEASANTLY FULL-FLAVOURED.

		per 1,000	per 100
No. 13	WALKYR	Rs. 18	Rs. 2 0
,, 14	ZULEIKA	,, 15	,, 1 12

MANUFACTURED DAILY,
ALWAYS FRESH
AND
ALWAYS IN STOCK.

Note.—The superlative superiority of the above Cigarettes to any imported Brands is simply due to the delicious freshness which distinguishes them and which is their greatest charm.

Illustrated Price-list forwarded on application.

REAL
HAVANNAH CIGARS.

J. NEUBERG,
5 MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

SATURDAY EVENING, MARCH 19.

THE announcement, through Reuter, that a French loan for one milliard, or 40 millions sterling, has been subscribed for twenty-fold, is news in more ways than one, as to most people this is the first intimation of any kind in connection with the operation. Some of the banks, we believe, had private advice that a loan was being brought out, but we cannot learn that even they had been informed of its object. At first sight the news has a tendency to connect itself with the coming Silver Conference, but it is scarcely possible that there should be any connection between the two without our hearing of it; although Reuter's slackness is visible enough on the face of the telegram under remark, in not saying a word either as to the purport of the loan, the rate of interest, or the price at which it has been taken up. While having no direct connection, however, with the approaching conference, the result of the operation is not without its bearing on the Silver question ultimately. France is at the present moment almost more deeply concerned in the future of the metal than any other country, and being in that position it is impossible to say what steps a nation may be prepared to take with such a substantial proof of their financial power before them. It has been said, and with a good deal of truth, that France and America combined, if prepared to go far enough, might almost dictate the price of silver to the rest of the world; and it is very evident that France merely, with her own following of the Latin Convention and other silver-using countries, assured as she would be of some share of support from other quarters, has an enormous power of her own, if she resolves upon exercising it.

A further withdrawal of £250 000 from the Bank of England for North America is reported; but rates of discount remain unchanged, and Consols are ⅛ higher at 100⅛. French Rentes are unaltered at 120⅞; Enfaced Rupee Paper is ¼ higher in Fours at 84, and ⅛ higher in Fours-and-a-half at 90⅞. The 3½ per cent. Sterling Loan is quoted at 120¼.

In General Produce Coffee and Cocoanut-oil are unchanged. Linseed is reported easier, with a partial decline of 3d. per quarter; Rapeseed steady and unchanged. Wheat is firm at an advance of 3d. per quarter in London, and 1d. per cental in Liverpool.

The Manchester Piece-goods market is reported quiet but steady at unchanged rates for everything except Twist, which is ¼d. per lb. lower at 10¼d. for 40's. Mule.

Cotton in Liverpool yesterday, Reuter says, closed in favour of buyers, the sales being estimated at 8,000 bales, spot prices unchanged, but arrivals 1-16d. lower. To-day's market comes strong (?)—private messages say steady—sales 6,000 bales, quotations unaltered. In New York yesterday ready Mid.-Uplands were unaltered at 10⅞ cents, while June shipment was quoted 8 points higher at 10·85; but to-day's message gives 10 13-16 and 11·02 cents respectively. These movements, in face of the existing scale of receipts, are evidently purely speculative in character, as every day shows more clearly the excess of supply over demand.

From our usual comparison of the statistical position it will be observed that the stock in Liverpool has increased by 58,000, and the total visible supply by 50,000 bales, the latter being now 476,000 bales in excess of last year. Up to Friday the American receipts were 503,000 bales over the same date last season, and we begin the current week with 16,000 bales against 11,000 last year and 6,000 in 1879.

The following are the full American figures to date:—

	1881.	1880.	1879.
Week's Receipts	107,000	50,000	60,500
,, Exports to U. K.	70,000	60,000	57,000
,, ,, to Continent	63,000	32,000	34,000
Total receipts since 1st Sept.	4,886,400	4,383,600	4,013,500
,, Exports to U. K. ,,	2,000,600	1,770,000	1,602,700
,, ,, to Continent ,,	1,180,300	987,900	1,229,000
,, Stock in the Ports	863,000	832,000	583,000
Saturday's Receipts	16,000	11,000	6,000

The total visible supply of cotton for all Europe compares with the two previous years as follows:—

	1881.	1880.	1879.
Total supply of all kinds	3,120,000	2,644,010	2,549,790
,, ,, ,, Surats	360,000	251,680	233,910

For the U. K. only the figures are:—

Stock in Liverpool	786,000	578,050	567,220
,, London	51,000	29,900	61,900
American Afloat	330,000	264,000	310,000
E. Indian ,,	63,000	81,000	60,000
	1,230,000	952,950	999,120
Price of Mid.-Uplands	6 3-16d.	7 5-16d.	5⅝d.
,, Fair Dhollera	4 9-16d.	5⅞d.	4⅜d.
Difference	1⅝d.	1 7-16d.	1¼d.

EXCHANGE.—We opened at a decline of 1-32d. in Bank Bills, although to begin with the Banks named yesterday's rates for buying. During the morning, however, Private Paper also gave way 1-32d., and a fair business for a Saturday was done on this basis. No further alteration took place up to the close, although, if anything, a slightly steadier feeling was apparent. We quote:—

Bank Bills on demand		1s. 7 29-32d.	per rupee.
Do.	telegraphic	1s. 7 ⅞d.	,,
Do.	3 months' sight	1s. 8 1-32d.	,,
Credits,	3 ,, ,,	1s. 8 5-32d.	,,
Documents,	3 ,, ,,	1s. 8 3-16d.	,,
Francs,	3 ,, ,,	2f. 13½c.	,,

On Calcutta we still quote demand at par, 60 days' sight nominal.

GOVERNMENT PAPER is very firm, and it is evident that there is a strong feeling on the part of operators to anticipate the effect of a favourable budget. We quote Fours Rs. 101⅜; Fours-and-a-half, Rs. 110.

SHARES.—The market is very firm for the time of year; and considering the fact that money must yet increase in value, it is almost surprising to see rates steadily tending in favour of holders. Banks are unchanged, as also are Land Companies. Press shares are firm, with an advance of Rs. 25 in Apollo, East India, and Prince of Wales, and Rs. 50 in Fort. Spinning and Weaving concerns are firm, and with few exceptions are Rs. 5 to Rs. 10 in favour of holders. Bombay-Burmah Trading Co.'s shares are again Rs. 35 higher, at Rs. 2,160 per share.

COTTON has been very dull again to-day, with very little in the shape of actual export business doing. Sellers have been very firm, and in most cases are asking an advance of Re. 1 to Rs. 2 per candy, but this has not been paid except for Broach to meet contracts for delivery on the 25th. We quote:—

Good Oomra, March		Rs. 198	per candy.
F. G. F. ,,	,,	,, 184	,,
G. F. ,,	,,	,, 173	,,
Good Broach,	,,	,, 226	,,
do. do.	April	,, 223	,,
Good Dhollera,	May	,, 198	,,
F. G. F. do.	,,	,, 185	,,
G. F. do.	,,	,, 175	,,

SEEDS and WHEAT are unchanged.

FREIGHTS continue steady, and for Liverpool the ready quotation is now 30s., early April 32s. 6d. For April-May loading owners are now asking 37s. 6d. and 40s. for U. K. or continent.

PIECE-GOODS show no quotable change as yet, nor does there seem much hope of any this side of the rains. Stocks are so heavy everywhere that even a material advance in prices at home would have little effect.

COALS are quiet and unchanged. The sale is reported of a cargo of Cardiff close at hand at Rs. 16, alongside.

BANK OF BENGAL.

THE following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bengal for 14th March as compared with that for the 8th March, 1881:—

LIABILITIES.	8th March. Rs.	A.	P.	14th March. Rs.	A.	P.
Capital paid-up	2,00,00,000	0	0	2,00,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund	25,12,161	4	4	25,12,161	4	4
Treasury Balance	1,88,25,768	15	4	1,92,46,804	8	3
Other Deposits	3,27,70,023	8	3	3,17,86,148	7	8
Bank Post Bills, &c.	4,25,657	4	11	5,93,073	10	7
Sundries	8,66,033	1	6	9,11,148	10	3
Rs.	7,53,99,644	2	4	7,50,49,336	9	1
ASSETS.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Government Securities	1,13,48,359	13	0	1,21,76,311	7	0
Loans on Govt. Securities	53,99,416	8	3	50,94,209	6	11
Credits on do.	30,88,416	15	1	55,32,879	15	11
Bills Discounted	2,66,35,724	6	6	2,53,48,031	10	11
Balances with other Banks	7,45,197	5	11	5,03,066	0	5
Bullion	8,15,023	14	2	9,87,038	13	0
Dead Stock	10,84,633	12	6	10,90,821	14	1
Stamps	7,225	12	0	8,396	15	0
Sundries	5,08,835	2	7	5,03,153	9	7
Cash at Head Office	80,56,269	4	4	1,00,98,769	13	9
Do. at Branches	1,77,10,541	4	0	1,37,06,656	14	6
Rs.	7,53,99,644	2	4	7,50,49,336	9	1

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

◆

THE steamer Claudius, 1,110 tons, Captain W. Wood, sailed on the 19th inst. for Marseilles with a general cargo.

THE steamer Wickham, 1,124 tons, Captain A. Scott, sailed on the 19th inst. for Marseilles, with a general cargo.

THE steamer Vindobala, 1,134 tons, Captain A. Carmichael, sailed on the 19th inst. for Dunkirk with a general cargo.

THE steamer Grimsel, 901 tons, Captain C. Thomas arrived in harbour on the 19th inst. from Tyne (9th Feb.) with a cargo of 1,560 tons coals. The vessel is consigned to the captain.

THE steamer Knight Templar, 1,023 tons, Captain W. D. Johnson, arrived in harbour on the 19th inst. from Cardiff (12th Feb.) with a cargo of 100 cases copper, 852 tons coals, and some packages iron. The vessel is consigned to the captain.

THE Anchor Line steamer Roumania, 2,207 tons, Captain T. G. Knox, which arrived in harbour on the 18th instant from Glasgow, via Liverpool, with the following cargo:—2,709 packages piece-goods, 430 bales twist, 85 cases brass, 549 bars and 566 bundles iron, 10 packages iron sheets, 8 packages rivets, 3,069 packages steel, 84 cases whisky, 6 packages glassware, 50 packages porter, 10 cases whale oil, 81 cases tobacco pipes, 130 packages bottles, 123 cases wine and spirit, 3,723 plates spelter, 19 kegs nails, 6 cases umbrellas, 1,004 bundles hoop iron, 24 cases chemicals, 50 cases sulphuric acid, and many packages merchandise.

MESSRS. R. RUBATTINO & Co.'s steamer Singapore, 2,418 tons, Captain G. Merello, arrived in harbour on the 19th instant from Genoa (25th Feb.) with the following cargo:—From Bordeaux.—2,850 cases brandy, 533 cases wine, 4 cases peppermint, 2 cases lavender, 42 cases liquor, 34 cases provision, 15 cases champagne, and 50 cases corks. From London.—4 packages glassware. From Marseilles.—200 cases piece-goods, 58 cases champagne, 122 cases vermouth, 56 cases wine, 2 cases perfumery, 13 bales papers, 21 packages marbles, 1,500 tons bricks, 94 cases liquor, 812 casks alum, 22 empty casks, 8 cases corals, 200 cases sulphur, 4 cases saffron, 27 packages glassware, and 4 cases books. From Aden.—157 packages gum, 22 packages mother-of-pearl shells, and 17 packages olibanum.

THE steamer Corsica, 1042 tons, Captain H. F. Holt, arrived in harbour on the 17th inst. from London (13th Feb.) with the following cargo:—132 cases cologne, 67 packages papers, 864 bundles and 5,985 bars iron, 336 casks beer, 45 cases medicine 80 packages empty phials, 7 cases envelops, 35 boxes tinplates, 1 box types, 4 cases capsules, 2 cases corks, 2 cases labels, 9 packages printing materials, 850 casks cement, 15 packages varnish, 12 cases biscuits, 294 cases gin, 285 kegs nails, 51 packages glassware, 124 cases provision, 13 cases lanterns, 14 cases perfumery, 194 packages color and paints 100 packages whiting, 60 cases salamonic, 387 cases matches, 125 packages oil, 6 cases leather, 320 packages glass, 130 packages piece-goods, 100 bales twist, 260 cases oilmanstores, 70 cases wine, 50 casks pitch, 660 casks alum, 183 packages asphalt, 25 cases epsom salt, 31 packages earthenware, 151 cases whiskey, 13 cases cochineal, and many packages merchandise. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. McCulloch, Beyts and Co.

ARRIVALS.

Mar.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
17	Corsica (s)	Halt	London, Feb. 13.
19	Singapore (s)	Merello	Genoa, Feb. 25.
	Grimsel (s)	Thomas	Tyne, Feb. 9.
	Knight Templar (s)	Johnson	Cardiff, Feb. 12.
20	Cosmo (s)	Collin	Port Said March 5.

DEPARTURES.

Mar.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
19	Mangerton (s)	Clark	Galle.
	India (s)	Reid	Marseilles.
	Claudius (s)	Wood	Marseilles.
	Wickham (s)	Scott	Marseilles.
	Vindobala (s)	Carmichael	Dunkirk.

The following vessels were entered for loading on Saturday last:—

Steamer Chinsura, to Coast and Calcutta.
Steamer Romnania, to Liverpool.
Steamer Singapore, to Genoa.
Steamer Corsica, to Genoa.
Steamer Glenrath, to Dunkirk.
Steamer Irene Morris, to Marseilles.
Ship W. G. Davis, to Havre.
Ship Narcisus, to Dunkirk.

CALCUTTA.

March. ARRIVALS.
15 Aglaja (s) .... Marcovio ... Trieste, Feb. 5.
16 Khandalla (s) ...... Smith ...... Bombay, Feb. 23.

DEPARTURES.
March 15.—Steamer Sindia. Ship Governor Tilley.
March 16.—Steamers Henzada and Reliance.

MADRAS.

March. ARRIVALS.
17 Deccan (s) ...... Calcutta.
Meinam (s) ...... Galle and Pondy.

March DEPARTURE.
16 Asia (s) ...... Rangoon and N. P.
17 Deccan (s) ...... Southampton.
Madura (s) ...... Calcutta and N. Ports.
Meinam (s) ...... Calcutta.

HIGH COURT.—MARCH 21.

◆

(Before the Hon. Sir CHARLES SARGENT.)
For Judgment.

257-80—Jefferson B and D—Jairam Lukhmidass vs Bai Dhunbai and another.—Tobin and R.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Long Causes.

121-80—Jefferson B and D—Vussonjee Jewraj vs Mowjee Soonderjee—Hore C. and B. Part heard.
39-80—H. Bicknell—Motecbai vs Cooverbai and others—J. Macfarlane—Part heard.
415-80—Payne and G—Premjee Heerjee and others vs Kessowjee Jadhowjee—Prescott and W.
37-80—Smith and F.—Meghjee Dossa vs Dadumeya Dosmahomed—R. M. Sayani.
171-80—Muljee and B—Bhowanibhoy Ramjee vs Premchund Roychund—Smith and F.
562-76—Ardeshir and H.—Dhurrumsey Poonjabhoy vs C. A. Turner—Hearn, C. and L.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice BAYLEY.)
Motion.

447-80—Payne and G—Shaik Abdoolla bin Khuliffa and another vs Shaik Essa bin Khuliffa and others—J. Macfarlane. Part heard.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Long Causes.

25-80—R. M.—Sayani—Pung Shree Pragatnam Saheb, &c., vs Lalldass Goverdhundass and another—Balkrishna and B. Part heard.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice WEST.)

Such of the following New Long Causes fixed for to-day, which either party has informed the Prothonotary or the Deputy Registrar will be defended, will not be called on until any consent decree and undefended suits in the list are disposed of. Defended suits will stand over and be taken in their order.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.
New Long Causes.

33-81—Payne and G—Jadowjee Ruttonsey and others vs Visram Vussonjee and another.
35-81—R. M. Sayni—C. A. Turner vs Kessowjee.—Tobin and R.
30-81—Shapurjee and T—Meghjee alias Veljee Narrowjee vs Vurja Guja and others—Payne and G.
40-81—Hore, C and B—Janardhen Wassudeo vs Gopinath Sadasewjee—Shapurjee and T.
41-81—Hore, C and B—Govind Gunesh vs Gopinath Sadasewjee—Shapurjee and T.
418-80—Shamrao P—Sucaram Crustnajee and another vs Madho Crustnajee and others—Balkrishna and B, Ardesir and H. and in person. Part heard.
276-80—J C Cama—Aga Hajee Medi Hajee Kazrani vs Serazoodin bin Muddar Meya Barbary and another—M M Munshi, and in person.
97-80—Tobin and R—Godavribai and another vs Ramchunder Sakaramjee—Crawford and B.
122-80—Jafferson, B. and D—Ahmedbhoy Hubibbhoy vs Purmanund Nathoo.—R. M. Sayani.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

◆

ARRIVALS.—MARCH 18.

Boustead, Surg. Major, on duty, from Tanna.
Bradford, Surg. Major, on leave, from Kandahar.
Oliver, Lieut., R. E., from leave, from England.
Hower, Surg. Major, on leave, from Kirkee.

MARCH 19.

Fuller, Major Genl., R. E., on duty, from Guzerat.
Barnes, Lieut. Col., 10th Lancers, from leave, from England.
Frend, Captain, 60th Rifles, on leave, from Deolalee.
Fenton, Lieut., R. A., on leave, from Deolalee.

DEPARTURES.—MARCH 17.

Davies, Captain, R. A., on leave, to England.

MARCH 18.

Boustead, Surg. Major, on duty, to Tanna.

MARCH 19.

Barnes, Lieut. Col., 10th Lancers, from leave, to Sialkote.
Johnston, Surg., on duty, to Deolalee.
Royds, Captain, 77th Regt., on leave, to England.
Tabb, Captain, 16th Regt., on leave, to England.

MARCH 20.

Hower, Surg. Major, on leave, to Khandalla.

THE BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.
REGIMENTAL ORDERS
BY LIEUT.-COL. COMMANDANT W. S. HEWETT.

Bombay, March 19, 1881.

1. Saturday next, the 26th inst., has been fixed for the annual inspection of the corps by the Brigadier General Commanding Bombay District. As the capitation grant cannot be drawn for any member who is absent from the inspection without leave, it is requested that every member in the corps will do their utmost to attend; those members who cannot attend through sickness are requested to send a medical certificate to Head-quarters, and those who cannot attend through press of business should send an application for leave to be absent from the inspection parade. All medical certificates and applications for leave should be at the Head-quarters not later than 12 noon on the day of the inspection. Captain's of companies are requested to circulate the above to every member of their respective companies.

Vol. H. Henderson having joined is taken on the strength from this date and posted to D Company.

Bombay, March 20, 1881.

1. The usual Adjutant's parade will take place on Wednesday next, the 23rd instant, in front of the Gymkhana at 6-30 a. m. Ten rounds of blank ammunition to be issued per man.

2. There will be a parade under the Commandant on Friday next, the 25th instant, at 6-30 a. m., on front of the Gymkhana. Fifteen rounds of blank ammunition to be issued per man. As the inspection parade takes place on Saturday next, the 26th instant, it is requested that all members will do their utmost to attend the parades on Wednesday and Friday mornings. Dress for all parades during the week will be red uniform, with helmets, arms and accoutrements.

By order, A. W. PROUDFOOT,
Lieut. and Adjt., B. V. R. C.

D COMPANY.

There will be drill at Byculla Sheds every morning and evening during the week, to prepare for the inspection on Saturday next, the 26th instant. The Company are reminded that the corps will lose Rs. 30 for every member not present on inspection parade.

W. M. TENNENT,
Captain D Company.

ORDERS BY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF IN INDIA.

Adjutant General's Office, Simla, March 14.

THE C.-in-C. in India is pleased to make the following appointments:—

7th B. C.—Major J. L. Ferris, Sqn. Comr, to be 2nd in Comd., vice Fletcher, retired. Dated 31st Dec. 1880.

Major E. Hay, Sqn. Comdr., to move up in grade succession, vice Ferris. Dated 31st Dec. 1880.

20th N. I. Lieut. Col. H. W. Gordon, 2nd in Comd., to officiate as Comdt., during the absence on furlough of Col. R. G. Rogers.

23rd Pioneers.—Lieut. W. H. Jameson, from the 39th N. I., to be Wing Officer, vice Gordon, promoted.

The Govt. of India have been pleased to approve of the appointment of Capt. L. R. H. D. Campbell, 1st P. I. Punjab Frontier Force, to officiate as Dy. Asst. Qr.-mr. Genl. Kuram Brigade, with effect from the 1st Feb. vice Lieut. E. Burrell, 85th Foot, under orders for England.

With the sanction of Govt. the following order is confirmed:—Southeren Afghanistan Field force order, dated the 14th Feb., appointing Capt. W. W. B. Whiteford, R. E., to be Field Engr. from the 27th Jan.; Lieut. J. Neville, R. E., to be Asst. Field Engr., from the 27th Jan.; Lieut. W. J. Lister, R. E., to be Asst. Field Engr., from the 26th Jan.

The following orders are confirmed:—

Allahabad Divn. order, dated the 17th Feb., appointing Lieut. G. H. Bittleston, R. A., to act as A.-de-C. to Major Genl. H. T. Macpherson, C.B., V.C., commanding Allahabad division, as a temporary measure, with effect from the 11th Feb.

Rohilcund Dist order, dated the 2nd Feb., directing Col. A. A. Bruce, 37th N. I. to assume Command of the station of Bareilly, during the absence of the officer commanding the district on inspection duty to Moradabad.

Dated the 19th Feb. directing Col. A. A. Bruce, 37th N. I., to assume command of the station, during the absence of the officer commanding the district, on inspection duty at Shahjhanpur.

Morar Station order, dated the 24th Feb. directing Col A. W. Twiss, R. A., to assume command of the station, and of fortress Gwalior during the absence of the General Officer commanding the Gwalior district, on inspection duty.

Dated the 24th Feb., appointing Bt. Lieut. Col. G. B. Wolsely, 65th Foot, to officiate as Station Staff Officer, in addition to his other duties, during the absence of the Dy. Asst. Adjt. Genl. Gwalior district, on inspection duty.

Jubbulpore Station order, dated the 28th Feb., appointing Lieut. A. L. Lane, Adjt. R. A., Saugor district, to officiate as Station Staff Officer, with effect from the 1st March, in addition to his other duties, during the absence of the Dy. Asst. Adjt. Genl. of the district, on annual inspection duty, there being no fully qualified officer available.

Doaba Outpost order, dated the 14th Feb., appointing Capt. E. E. Money, 11th (Prince of Wale's Own) Bengal Lancers, to assume the command of fort Abazai, in addition to his other duties, vice Lieut. Col. G. H. W. Hoggan, appointed to fort Shabkadar.

2-8th Foot—Battn. order, dated the 20th Sept. 1880, appointing Lieut. W. L. Brereton to officiate as Instr. in Musketry, vice Lieut. O'D. C. Grattan, on leave; with effect from the 10th Sept. 1880.

1-17th Foot.—Regtl. order, dated the 2nd Feb., appointing Lieut G. H. P. Burne, Asst. Instr. of Musketry, with effect from that date.

30th Foot.—Regtl. order, dated the 16th Feb., appointing Lieut. F. S. Derham to officiate as Interpreter, vice Hamilton, Adjutant; there being no fully qualified officer available.

40th Foot—Regtl. order, dated the 16th Feb., making the following appointments to the half battalion at Shahjahanpur, with effect from the 10th idem:—

Lieut. J. E. F. Jacob to officiate as Adjt.
Lieut. T. Lamb to officiate as Paymr. and Qr.-mr.

1st B. C.—Regtl. order, dated the 15th Feb., appointing Major W. A. Lawrence, Sqn. Officer. on return from leave, to officiate as Sqn. Comdr., vice Capt. F. C. Burton, Offg. 2nd in Comd.

17th B. C.—Regtl. order, date the 18th Feb., making the following appointment, with effect from the 15th Feb., consequent upon the death of Capt. B. H. S. Gower:—

Capt. E. W. Chalmers, Sqn. Officer, to officiate as Sqn. Comdr., vice Major E. G. Newnham, Offg. 2nd in Comd.

1st N. I.—Regl. order, dated the 7th Feb., making the following appointments, consequent upon Lieut. Col. W. H. Mackesy, having been posted to general duty:—

Major H. O. Cumberlege, Offg. Wing Comdr., to be Offg. 2nd in Comd., vice Atkins, on furlough.

Lieut. G. H. More-Molyneux, Wing Officer and Adjt., to be Offg. Wing Comdr., vice Major G. R. Grylls, on furlough.

Lieut. F. Hawkins, Qr.mr., to officiate as Adjt., in addition to his other duties, vice More-Molyneux.

14th N. I.—Regtl. order, dated the 12th Feb., making the following officiating appointments, consequent on the departure of Major J. Cook to join the appointment of Dy. Asst. Adjt. Genl., Saugor district:—

Major T. St. Q. Clutterbuck, Offg. Wing Comdr., to officiate as 2nd in Comd., vice Lieut. Col. R. A. Wauchope, Offg. Comdt. 17th N. I.

Capt. C. J. Jamieson, Wing Officer, to officiate as Wing Comdr., in addition to his other duties, vice Major J. Cook.

The undermentioned officers have leave of absence:—

1-3rd Foot.—Lieut. G. E. H. Cates, (Offg. Wing Officer, on probation, 12th N. I.,) to Bombay, from the 7th March to the 15th Aug., to study the native languages.

Lieut. E. DeBrath, (Offg. Wing Officer, on probation, 32nd N. I.,) to Calcutta, from the 15th Nov. 1880 to the 15th Feb. 1881, to study the native languages.

2-13th Foot.—Major T. A. Cary, to England, for fifteen months from date of embarkation, on private affairs.

2-22nd Foot.—Capt. W. B. Butlin, to port of embarkation, for thirty days from date of availing himself of it; and thence to England, for fifteen months from date of embarkation, on urgent private affairs.

47th Foot.—Lieut. N. A. K. Burne, (Offg. Wing Officer, on probation, 23rd N. I.), to Calcutta, from the 10th March to the 9th Sept., to study the native languages.

4-60th Rifles.—Lieut. R. G. Buchanan-Riddell, to port of embarkation, for thirty days from date of availing himself of it; and thence to England, for nine months from date of embarkation, on private affairs.

Royal Marine Light Infantry.—Lieut. W. W. Taylor, (Offg. Wing Officer, on probation, 38th N. I.,) to Calcutta, from the 20th March to the 20th Sept, to study to the native language.

Staff Corps.—Lieut. Col. R. F. Angelo, (Comdt. Fort Chunar,) to Naini Tal and district of Kumaon, from the 1st March to the 31st Dec., on medical certificate, under the rules of 1868.

A. M. D.—Surgn. H. C. Kirkpatrick, M. D., (attached to 2-6th Foot,) to port of embarkation, for thirty days from date of availing himself of it; and thence to England, for six months from date of embarkation, on urgent private affairs.

On the recommendation of medical boards, the undermentioned officers are granted leave to the port of embarkation, for thirty days from date of availing themselves of it; and thence to England, from date of embarkation, for the periods specified.

Lieut. H. E. F. Goold-Adams, R. A., (No. 10 Battery 11th Brigade,) 6 months; and Lieut. J. M. Piercy, 30th Foot, 8 months.

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NOTICE.

MESSRS. C. MARCKS and Co. are happy to announce that, in consequence of continually increasing sale of MR. MENIST'S the CELEBRATED SPECTACLES, EYEGLASSES, &c., for which they are the appointed Agents, they are enabled to make a REDUCTION of TWENTY PER CENT. on the former prices, thus placing these VALUABLE AIDS to DEFECTIVE VISION within reach of EVERYONE.

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DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.

BOMBAY.

BIRTHS.

BEST—March 19th, at Vancluse, Breach Candy, the wife of W. J. Best., of a son.

CROFTON—March 19th, at Colaba, Bombay, the wife of Captain Malby Crofton, 4th King's Own, of a son.

MARRIAGE.

PRESSICK—CANNON—March 17th, at St. Andrew's Kirk, Bombay, by the Rev. Duncan Macpherson, D. D., assisted by the Rev. Robert Jeffrey, B. A., Mr. Henry Pressick to Miss Jessie Cannon, of Bombay. (No cards.)

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

SEVENOAKS—March 10th, at Midnapore, Bengal, the wife of Mr. C. H. Sevenoaks, Superintendent, Central and District Jails, of a son.

DEATHS.

MENEAUD—March 17th, at Madras, Anne Georgiana, wife of Mr. James Mancaud, of the Madras Railway, aged 24 years.

PALPHREYMAN—March 14th, at Meerut, after a lingering illness, Captain John Charles Palphreyman, late Deputy Commissary of Ordnance, aged 74 years and 10 days.

The Bombay Gazette

MONDAY, MARCH 21, 1881.

IT seems as if, after all, the troubles with the Boers are to cease almost as soon as they begun, and that the threatened war between Greece and the Porte is to be averted just as it was on the very point of breaking out. With regard to the Boers, all we know as yet is that certain terms having been offered to them by the Government, they have declared their general acceptance thereof, but they reserve certain points. If the terms now offered be substantially the same as those which were proposed before the defeat of Sir George Colley, the country will gladly acquiesce in the restoration of peace by their acceptance, even though the recent reverses have not been retrieved in the field. But if the Government has been ill-advised enough to grant concessions to the Boers in consequence of the stubbornness of the resistance experienced which they had no thought of making before, public opinion in England will certainly not forgive the Cabinet for the humiliation to the national honour. Until we know what the terms agreed on are it is of course impossible to say whether Mr. Gladstone's Cabinet has gained a diplomatic success, or has simply lowered its flag before a successful rebellion.

WITH regard to the chances of an accommodation between Turkey and Greece, the chief element of hope is to be found in the fact that neither of the Powers can enter upon hostilities without incurring great risk of a catastrophe. The Greeks within the last month have called out their reserves, and put into the ranks every male above 21 years of age who has undergone three months' drill. It is calculated that by this sweeping measure the Hellenic Kingdom can send into the field 80,000 men, all told. On the other hand, the Turks have ready 120,000 men, including a large proportion of soldiers who have seen service in the field. They are commanded by generals some of whom won great distinction during the Russian war. It can scarcely be doubted that in actual campaigning these 120,000 veterans, led by experienced generals, would prove themselves more than a match for the 80,000 enthusiastic but scarcely drilled conscripts opposed to them. And even were the first campaign to be doubtful, Turkey has large military reserves to call upon; while Greece confessedly has brought forward every available man. Under such circumstances, it argues great temerity on the part of the Greeks to endeavour to force on a war. But the hope that if she be defeated in the field, Europe may in some way intervene, if not to procure her the objects for which she fought, at least to save her from the natural consequences of her imprudence, appears to the Government at Athens sufficient to justify it in staking all upon the cast of the dice. The Turks, on their side, while fully confident of their power to crush their little antagonist at the first encounter, are by no means certain in their own minds that Greece would be their only antagonist, once war was raging. That is the secret of their willingness to submit to the surrender of a great deal of territory which it is quite beyond the strength of Greece, single handed, to wrest from them. The Great Powers now urge that Greece should accept of a rectification of frontier which will give her those portions of Thessaly and Epirus which the Berlin Conference recommended, minus Janina, Metzovo, and Larissa, the island of Crete, which the Turks appear to have intimated their willingness to cede, with the view, no doubt, of saving Janina and the other cities, being given up to them as an equivalent for those places. So large an accession of territory obtained without the firing of a cartridge, or the incurring of any risk whatever, ought surely to satisfy Greek statesmen; for the present at all events. It is scarcely possible that they can be mad enough to reject such an offer and run the hazard of a great war in the hope of possessing themselves, in spite of an immensely superior force, of cities the garrisoning of which would be a serious drain upon the military and financial resources of the country for years to come. We may, therefore, count with some confidence upon the acceptance of these terms by the Greeks, who will be able, while enjoying the substantial advantages acquired, to throw upon the Great Powers the responsibility for not having procured them Janina and Larissa into the bargain: that is to say, they will be able with a good diplomatic conscience to hold that the arrangement is provisional only, and that they accept the best part of Thessaly and a good deal of Epirus, and all Crete, as a mere instalment of their rights, the full enforcement of which must be reserved for a more convenient season. Thus war in the east of Europe may be averted for the present. The deluge will come afterwards.

THE Factories Bill which has been agitating the public mind for the past five years has at last become law, and will come into operation on the 1st of July of this year. Many changes have been made in the Bill since it was originally brought forward, and all are in the direction of a prudent moderation. If we are to have a Factories Act at all—and the philanthropists and cotton-spinners at home, who rule the destinies of India to a large degree, have decided that we must have one—then we could hardly have hoped for more lenient provisions than those contained in this Bill as finally amended. The important amendment made at the last sitting of the Council on this Bill is the reduction of the age at which children shall be employed, and at which their hours of employment must be limited, from eight and fourteen to seven and twelve respectively. As the Bill was finally passed, therefore, the age at which the employment of children is allowed is seven years, and that at which all restrictions are withdrawn is twelve years. After the 1st July, therefore, no child under seven years of age can be employed in any mill, and any child between the ages of seven and twelve can only be employed at work nine hours in a day, and in addition the child must have at least one hour for rest and food. The other important change in the Bill is that which exempts indigo, tea, and coffee factories from the provisions of the Act. This is reasonable enough, as such factories are not confined buildings and a good deal of the work is done in the open air. The conditions of labour in such factories differ of course very much from those in our mills. Another slight change in the Bill makes it clear that the Local Government have the power of leaving the supervision of the mills to the local magistrates, instead of appointing inspectors. Sir Ashley Eden stated with a good deal of force the difficulty of finding proper persons to fill the office of inspector. "He, and he thought everybody on this side of India, had the strongest possible objection to the appointment of a special officer as an inspector." Of course this has been one of the gravest objections to the Bill. If thoroughly honest and sufficiently able men could be found to undertake, on the small salaries which can be paid, the onerous and invidious duties of factory inspectors, of course one great difficulty would be removed. When, however, one considers the inferior men which inferior pay produces in this country, and the very great temptations to which persons in the positions of inspectors are liable, this difficulty alone would appear to be enough to justify the withdrawal of the measure, until its necessity in the interests of the children were shown to be absolute. Thus far, however, the opinion as to even its advisability is very much divided.

An attack was made by the Bengal members of Council on that portion of the report of the Select Committee which had removed the permissive character of the Bill, and had subjected the Bengal factories to the same inconveniences as those inflicted upon other parts of India. It is amusing to note the coolness with which they assume that such restrictive legislation is necessary for Bombay, while quite unnecessary in Bengal. "India is a vast country, and the circumstances and conditions of the different parts vary as much, perhaps, as their geographical position. What may be good for one part of the country cannot necessarily be good for another." Here, as always before in the discussions on this Factories Bill, the Bengalees have confined themselves to general terms; they have never come to the practical point and attempted to prove that the difference in geographical position, or any other circumstances, would make it advisable to work a child in Bengal fourteen hours a day, and wrong to work a child of the same age in Bombay more than nine. Here in Bombay opposition to the Bill has been as unanimous as in Bengal; but we have made no attempt to get the burden off our own shoulders only, and to leave it on the necks of others. We have fought the Bill on principle as inapplicable to the whole of India; and had our Bengal friends done the same, instead of supporting it at first, under the belief that Bombay industries alone would be hampered by it, and that their own would have been left free in consequence of their possessing a Governor less likely than Sir Richard Temple to enforce it, we might perhaps have got rid of the Bill altogether. As it is, the Bill has become law and comes into operation on the 1st of July next. From that date in any premises where labour is carried on for making, altering, &c., any article for use or for export, and where mechanical power is employed, and where not less than 100 persons are employed, and where labour is used for four months in the year, the employment of children is restricted as follows: no child under seven years of age to be employed at all; between the ages of seven and twelve he, or she, is to be employed only nine hours in the twenty-four, and at intervals during those nine hours—the arrangement of such intervals requiring the sanction of the Local Governments—at least one hour shall be given to food and rest. Furthermore, for four days in each month no child shall be employed at all in a factory, and such four days shall be fixed by the owner before the beginning of the month. As a final authority on the ages of the children, the Local Governments will appoint a certifying surgeon, whose certificate shall be evidence as to the age of the child. The dangerous portions of the machinery are to be fenced. To carry out the provisions of the Act, the local Governments may appoint inspectors; and failing such appointments, the duties fall on the magistrate of the district. The factory authorities are to keep registers of the children employed, and of the work they do.

We have all along opposed factory legislation of any kind for the present in this country; and in this we have been supported by the weight of public opinion. The industries of this country are in their infancy; they are essential to its growth and prosperity; they furnish the only alternative to agricultural labour, the sole dependence on which has been one of the chief causes of the disastrous results of our famines in this country. While, therefore, there may be evils connected with the employment of children in our newly developed mill industry, the good so far preponderates over the evil that the intelligent course to pursue would have been to abstain from interference, at least for the present, "lest while ye gather up the tares ye root up also the wheat with them." Admitting the worst phase of the subject as to the effect of their employment on the health of the children, we think that the evil of restrictive measures on the industry in its present state far outweighs the former. As always in such questions, it is a question of comparative evil and comparative good; and our opinion has been strongly that the evil of factory legislation would, for the present, far outweigh the good to be obtained from it. Our rulers have thought otherwise; and in spite of unanimous protests from mill associations and chambers of commerce, factory legislation has become the law of the land. We must confess that if we must have legislation of this kind, nothing more reasonable could be provided than that contained in the Bill just passed. The question of its being made unfair and obnoxious will rest entirely with the Local Governments. If judicious appointments are made, the Act ought to bring comparatively little inconvenience to our mill managers. Of course the restriction of the hours of some of the employés must inevitably create trouble and confusion at first, but in time, with forbearance on the one side and an honest attempt to carry out the Act on the other, some practical solution of the difficulty will be arrived at. We cannot, therefore, urge too strongly upon Government the necessity of great care in the selection of inspectors. We all know the great scandal which used to attend the working of the Boiler-inspection Act. This can be, and should be, avoided in the working of the Factories Act. There will be great difficulties; it will be almost impossible to prevent children getting hold of certificates of age belonging to older children, and strenuous efforts will no doubt be made by some children to eke out their wages by working in two factories on the same day. With discretion on the part of inspectors and loyal support of the Act on the part of mill-owners, these difficulties will be in time overcome. With the Supreme Government rests the responsibility of the Act itself, but the responsibility of its working fairly and without too much friction will rest with our Local Government, with whom all appointments and all rules lie. It is rare that so important and delicate a duty, or one affecting more important interests, is entrusted to our rulers.

THE success of the new French loan of a milliard shows that the credit of the Republic is as high as ever, the forty millions sterling being covered twenty times over. It is somewhat startling to know that the greater part of this immense sum has been already spent, mainly upon public works, the money having been procured by adding to the floating debt, which a couple of months ago had reached the enormous total of two milliards, or eighty millions sterling. The new loan is raised on redeemable three per cent. stock. It was not expected that the operation would take place before July, the Minister of Finance having stated in the Chamber at the end of January, when asked what his intentions in the matter were, that the Government would put off the issue as long as possible, but would retain its freedom of action and choose its own moment for the issue. He stated at the same time that the financial situation was excellent, the first fortnight of January having yielded an overplus of eleven million francs, as against 1,800,000 francs during the corresponding period last year. It would be interesting to know how much of this remarkable increase in the revenue in the course of a single fortnight was due indirectly to the development of French resources by the expenditure on public works of nearly the whole of this very sum of forty millions sterling. The answer might be a lesson for financiers in India.

H. E. THE GOVERNOR intends paying a flying visit to Mahableshwar on the 22nd instant, and hopes to reach Bombay on the 23rd.

H. E. GENERAL WARRE and Mrs. Warre leave Bombay on the 29th March, *en route* to China and Japan, in the Austrian Lloyds steamer Vorwaerts. They will then make their way *viâ* St. Francisco, and probably New York, to England. Lieut.-General the Honourable A. Hardinge, C. B., is expected to arrive in Bombay by the mail-steamer Kaiser-i-Hind, due on the 28th or 29th March.

NOTES FROM QUETTA.

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A CORRESPONDENT, who signs himself "Your Special Baboo," in a letter dated 13th March, writes from Quetta as follows:—I am not able to tell you for certain when Kandahar is to be evacuated, because two months' provisions have been ordered up quickly; and this disappoints all our former hopes. We were quite certain till yesterday, because an officer and a doctor were sent to every alternate post with orders to visit the post on each side at least twice a week. They all had secret orders too, and if I may believe a very good gentleman, they were to the effect that no more than eight annas per mile was to be charged to Government. And Major Westmacott, the road commandant, with his two assistants, has been rapidly scouring the road with cavalry between Kandahar and Quetta with effect for one month and eleven days; indeed, every body concerned has been carrying out the retirement with great regularity and great energy, except the troops. The Engineer's Baboo tells me that orders have come to build temporary barracks for two European regiments, and three native regiments this summer, and to collect stones for permanent barracks for two batteries of guns and three cavalry regiments and five infantry regiments. We expect a lot of contractors; and they are very good gentlemen, and very civil to us. And the apricot-trees are all in blossom, and the citrons and apples will come next; and the moneyed interest tell me that they are organising a company, under the management of a Mr. Eno, to assist the movement of the troops. I think this is a mistake, because we always managed that very well till the Transport took away our carriage, and those Transport Baboos are very stupid. We have had rain for nearly three weeks, and the hills are white; it is very cold, and my nose is quite red except the sides, and my ears must be tied up, because the breeze enters and makes me feel bad. They expect crops here; but I have seen no "bhajee" for a long time, and if ever I meet my wife again I'll make her cook many times per diem. The weather being now bright and the roads dry, the 11th Foot and the sick will be able to continue their journey. The kafilas are taking large quantities of stores down to Sibi by the old road, to be examined by a committee and sold by auction.

"BY taking one of the *Grimault & Co.'s Guarana* Powders, and remaing quiet when I have felt premonitory symptoms of *sick headache* by a beginning of pain, I have carried off the attack; and, with the first box, absolutely put it off for two months (something which have never occurred in my life before).—DR. WOOD, Montreal."

PESHAWAR.

◆

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

WHAT is called in a general way by strangers the Peshawar bazaar may be either the ranges of bazaar in the city, the broad series of bazaars between the fort and city, or the cantonment sudder bazaar: The first and third need little remark. The city shops supply the ordinary wants of the inhabitants. The sudder bazaar is like all cantonment bazaars; the same Parsee shops, tinkers, tailors, bunnias, sweet-sellers, cobaries, coblers, basket-makers, butchers, and bakers; and the same old, old furniture which changes hands from auction to auction, and which, alas! forms in most Indian up-country homes our household gods. But the real "Peshawar bazaar" is what I have mentioned second. Coming in below the fort from the trunk-road,—that great highway which *begins* at Calcutta and *ends* at the very point I am speaking of,—you enter a gateway and pass on through a succession of squares or broad *plazas* connected by wide streets till, three-quarters of a mile on, you emerge into the open roads of the cantonments through a gateway in course of construction, to be called the Edwardes' Memorial. These bazaars are known by various names, of little consequence and respect, but in their traffic and denizens they are, perhaps, the most remarkable in the Punjab, not excepting Amritsur. The lower storeys are all shops; the upper, wide dwelling-rooms, with open lattices. At these upper windows may be seen at all times during the day, and in the evening too, well-to-do traders bargaining with or entertaining their friends, or looking stolidly down on the busy crowd below. And down below it is a busy scene. Every shop is flaunting with all the colours of the rainbow. Here you may see a grand display of Peshawaree loongees, the long blue cloths with gold-ribbed ends which are the delight of the big turbaned border-men, and which can be got at any price, from five rupees upwards, according to the amount of gold worked in. There the eye is attracted by deep-crimson or bright-yellow silk in skeins, or by long lines of silk thread being stretched out on reeds under the trees. In another place the gaudy wares of Manchester meretriciously tempt one with their cheap tawdry charms, or plainer bales of piece-goods vie with country-stuffs. In another section the hammers are ringing merrily on resounding copper-sheets, and fast converting them into salvers and basins and beautifully ornamented drinking and cooking vessels, while those already made are piled up for sale on shelves around the booth. The patterns, you will notice, are not of the usual down-country style, but have a grace we often associate with similar articles from Yarkand. We look into the shoe-maker's, and find him soling slippers with bright-green leather peculiar to Peshawar. This leather is also plentifully distributed over the work of his neighbour, the harness-maker, who is sure to sell some of these fine trappings to the horse-dealers returning now to Kabul and Turkestan. The sweetshops are much the same as elsewhere, but the fruitshops, with their baskets of dried peaches, plums, grapes, pomegranates, walnuts, pistachios, almonds, and raisins, and wrinkled musk-melons, and numberless dried berries which have no English name, remind one of the gardens and orchards of Kabul and Kandahar. But these, in their suggestiveness, are nothing to the next booths, which have laid under contribution the whole natural history of Central Asia. Big heavy posteens of sheepskin of the finest fleece, with the skin ornamented with yellow silk, are laid out for sale; and beside them fur, both made up or in single skins, of every animal you can recollect as fur-bearing. To begin with, there are rugs made of hundreds of the poor little striped squirrel, and the jackal, fox, and wolf. Deer and bear are not so common, but leopard, cheetah, wildcat, and lynx are easily found. Astrakhan is something that ranges, like the posteen, between necessity and luxury; and among its varieties you will be shown the kind that, had it a voice, would give the same account of its parentage and birth which Macduff gave to the perplexed Macbeth. Stop for a moment to look at these soft temptations, and you are a lost man; you must look at others also, and price and think whether you can afford it; and finally, bargain helplessly for some of those lovely furs. Glossy sables, soft as the finest silk, marten softer than the finest floss and moving at a breath, pure expanses of ermine, delicate lavender-coloured grey squirrel, shining otter, warm snow-fox,—all seem to surpass each other as they are tumbled out on the floor. We begin to think of the Arctic nights, the pine forests, and the cold bleak solitudes of the snowy-hills, and we involuntarily look round at the weather-hardened visages of the sturdy men in the thick chogas and long boots who have come so far with these winter spoils.

Different as the types of men are in the bazaar, there is yet a sameness perceptible. The complexions are all light, and, with the exception of the Yarkundis and such like, the beards are thick and the eyebrows very well defined. The Afghan nose, the furtive eye, and the curving sensual lip, are a frequent combination; but a much more manly type is a broad face with short nose, bold eye, and a firm set mouth, which is made all the firmer-looking by the part-shaving of the upper lip. The better dressed wear a short double-breasted coat of broad-cloth, and almost every other man has a broad belt round his waist, with a small cartridge pouch attached for odds and ends or pice. The puggrees of all are immense. They are usually twisted round a conical skull-cap, the peak of which peeps up from the centre of the turban. As a rule, all the garments I see are of a more picturesque appearance than the other Punjab costumes. The Sikh costume is rather a good one, but wholly spoiled by the skin-tight uncomfortable pyjamas. The Belooch on the Mooltan side has a fine flowing costume, but his long tangled locks down the side of his face and over his shoulder give him a slovenly appearance Here our sepoys seem smitten with the turban mania, and try to add a cubit to their stature by tightly coiling up their puggrees till they look like a dissipated stove-pipe hat. The ordinary Punjabi population require no remark. But everywhere you see the filthy Kashmiris in rags and beggary; they are an extraordinary race, the lazzaroni of the frontier. The fakir stalks along dressed chiefly in tangled hair, with a leopard-skin over his shoulder and a triangular flag in his hand, and begs no man's alms; Allah provides: but the Kashmiri woman—by courtesy—crawls round your gharry, smiles, shows her lovely teeth and dimples, such a contrast to her withered filthy skin, fawningly bends her neck and turns her limber arm with hereditary grace, and implores the pice you are only too glad to pitch to her and her little shrivelled babe.

Compared with the well-stored vegetable-markets of Lahore, Amritsur, and Umballa, there is an extraordinary want of variety in the Peshawar market. Peas are to be got at present, and English carrots; but any cauliflower I have seen is of the seediest description, and with the exception of a few stunted cabbages, there is little else. Everything is very dear, and has been for the last two years. As for servants, wages are at impossible rates; a transfer here is ruin. Punkah coolies last year demanded twelve rupees; syces get from eight to twelve; cooks sixteen to twenty; and even those vampires, the court chuprassies, who in other places get about five a month and grow rich on that (and a few perquisites), get extra allowances here on account of the hardness of the times! Horse-keep is also very dear; the gram alone costs from twelve to fifteen rupees per month.

I mentioned in a former letter the water-supply. I will close now with a short sketch of it. The Bara stream emerges from the hills about thirteen miles south-west of Peshawar. Here a great reservoir has been formed, which is supplied from a point on the river a mile-and-a-half up stream, where a dam has been constructed across its gorge, and a steady supply led into a covered aqueduct, which leads it down to the reservoir. The reservoir is a great circular tank, with five compartments meeting round a central circle. These compartments are separated by divisional walls broad enough to form walks. The water first reaches the central circle by a channel along one of the walks; thence it is permitted to enter any or all of the compartments, as required, by sluices. From the tanks or compartments other sluices permit the water to run into the aqueduct that leads the supply to cantonments. This aqueduct is also covered, and is a strong masonry structure running at an even gradient over nullahs on arches high in air, like some old Roman work, or burrowing through the earth in case it meets a hill or elevation. On reaching the west end of cantonments the water passes into the filtering tanks and delivery tank. These are surrounded by a wall, and are worth a visit by any stranger in Peshawar. There is, first, one large settling tank, in which the impurities settle to the bottom. Communicating with this there are three filtering tanks of the usual construction, with contrivances for opening, shutting off, &c. From the filters the pure water is then led off into a large dark covered delivery tank, from which the pipes will be supplied. No pipes have been laid as yet: they are lying parked on the maidan, like a lot of seige guns in a magazine; but as everything is ready except the piping, let us hope that will soon be finished too.

S. S. SINGAPORE.

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THE following is the list of passengers per Italian mail-steamer Singapore, Captain G. Merello, arrived in Bombay harbour on the 19th instant:—

From Genoa.—Mr. Rawson, Mr. Sola Bonito, and Mr. David Bonito.
From Naples.—Mr. Meiffre and Lt. Col. Baruls.
From Aden.—13 deck passengers.

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL.—In Debility of Adults its efficacy is unequalled. Rowland Dalton, Esq., District Medical Officer at Bury, St. Edmund's, writes:—"The effects of Dr. de Jongh's Oil are sure and most remarkable, especially in that broken-down state of health and strength which usually precedes and favours tubercular deposit. It has certainly been the only means of saving my life on two occasions; and even now, when I feel 'out of condition,' I take it, and like it, unmixed with anything, as being the most agreeable way." Sold only in capsuled imperial half-pints, pints, and quarts, by all chemists, druggists and storekeepers. Sole consignees: Ansar, Harford and Co., 77, Strand, London.

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TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]
(*By Red Sea Cable.*)

MR. CHILDERS' ARMY REFORMS.

LONDON, MARCH 18.

The reforms proposed by Mr. Childers in the organisation of the British Army, and which were submitted to the House of Commons on the 3rd instant, have been generally approved of.

THE TRANSVAAL WAR.

Latest advices from Natal state that the transport Booldana, with reinforcements from Bombay, has arrived at Durban.

The armistice with the Boers has been further prolonged, until the 21st instant.

THE POLICY OF RUSSIA.

ST. PETERSBURG, MARCH 18.

The Russian Government has issued a circular despatch to its representatives abroad which is of a pacific nature. It states that the policy of Russia has been fully developed externally, and that the protection of her honour and the maintenance of her security will alone divert her attention from the primary work of internal development.

NEW FRENCH LOAN.

PARIS, MARCH 18.

The French loan of one milliard has been covered twenty-fold.

THE TURCO-GREEK QUESTION.

CONSTANTINOPLE, MARCH 18.

The Ambassadors of the Great Powers now recommend Greece to accept the proposals made by the Porte in October last in solution of the frontier question, which were that the frontier line should start north of Volo, proceeding south of Larissa, Metzovo, and Janina, and terminate at the mouth of the river Arta. In addition to this, the cession of the Island of Crete to Greece.

THE KANDAHAR QUESTION.

LONDON, MARCH 19.

The Marquis of Hartington, replying to a question in the House of Commons last night, said that the paragraph published by the *Times* on that day in reference to the evacuation of Kandahar was unofficial and inaccurate. Communications, he said, have been exchanged between the Indian Government and the Ameer respecting Kandahar for a considerable time past, but it was inexpedient to communicate the nature of the same to the House at present. The Viceroy of India had been asked if he thought it desirable to afford Parliament any further information on the subject.

The *Times* of to-day reiterates the statement it made yesterday that the Ameer has requested the evacuation of Kandahar to be postponed, and declares the authority of its information to be unimpeachable.

THE 72ND REGIMENT.

Sir Edward Smyth has been appointed Colonel of the 72nd Regiment.

INDIAN TRANSPORTS.

The Indian transport Serapis left Portsmouth for Bombay yesterday.

Consols 100¼.

THE QUESTION OF SUPPLY IN THE COMMONS.

LONDON, MARCH 20.

The business of the House of Commons on the question of Supply is progressing rapidly, the Obstructionist party having assumed a quiescent attitude.

THE IRISH ARMS BILL.

The House of Lords have finally passed the Irish Arms Bill.

THE DUTY ON TEA.

According to a paragraph published in the *Statist*, the tea markets are disturbed owing to rumours that Mr. Gladstone intends reducing the duties on tea by one-half.

THE MAILS.

LONDON, MARCH 19.

The Bombay mails of the 3rd instant arrived at Brindisi yesterday.

STEAMER MOVEMENT.

PORT SAID, MARCH 18.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Manora, homeward bound from Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here on the evening of the 17th.

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

LONDON, MARCH 18.

Total week's sales of Cotton	47,000	bales.
,, ,, ,, Surats	4,000	,,
,, Week's Imports of Cotton	119,000	,,
,, ,, ,, Surats	5,000	,,
,, Stock of Cotton	786,000	,,
,, ,, Surats	39,000	,,
,, Stock of Cotton in London	51,000	,,

LONDON, MARCH 18.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed in favour of buyers. Surats unchanged.

The London Cotton market has been quiet.

Fair Dhollera		4 9-16.

The Manchester market has been quiet but steady.

7lbs. Shirtings		5-9¾
8¼lbs. do.		7
40s. Mule Twist		0-10¼
Exchange on India, 60 days' sight		1-7¾
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan		102¼
4 per cent. Rupee Paper		84
4½ do. do.		90¾
3 do.	Consols for account	100¼
5 do.	French Rente, 1872	120¾
Bar Silver		52

Arrival—Calipso.

STEAMER REPORTS.

GALLE, MARCH 19, 1-54 P.M.

Mail-steamer Peshawar, from Australia, arrived.

GALLE, MARCH 20, 6-40 A.M.

Mail-steamer Deccan, from Calcutta, arrived.

GALLE, MARCH 20, 12-30 A.M.

Mail-steamer Khiva, from China, arrived.

SIR STEWART BAYLEY has arrived at Hyderabad, and is being fêted.

MR. NICHOLETTS, Assistant Commissioner, Amraoti district (now on leave), has been transferred to the Akola district.

LIEUTENANT ST. JOHN MICHELL, 16th Bengal Cavalry, is to join the Intelligence Branch of the Quartermaster-General's Department at Simla.

THE value of Government stores imported into India during the first ten months of the current official year was a little under 235 lakhs.

THE work on the Rawalpindi, Kohat, and Khushalghur sections of the Punjab Northern State Railway is being pushed on at the rate of 1,000 yards a day.

FAREWELL dinners were to be given at Hyderabad to Sir Richard and Lady Meade by Sir Salar Jung and the co-Regent. Sir Richard Meade's administration is considered locally all that could be desired, and his departure is greatly deplored.

WE learn from Berar that the weather is already becoming intolerable, and that the water is getting low in the wells and rivulets. Grain is selling at exceedingly cheap rates—chenna and wheat at three and six rupees respectively per pulla of one hundred and twenty seers.

LIEUT. TEMPLE, Assistant Superintendent General of Thuggee and Dacoity, is now in Aurangabad (Deccan), using every effort to apprehend the budmashes who looted Captain Kirkwood's baggage-cart. Nearly all the things stolen have been recovered.

THE 32nd Pioneers started on the 16th instant from Rawalpindi for Bunnoo, marching *viâ* Khushalghur and Kohat, to form a part of the brigade held in reserve as a support to the Waziri expeditionary force. The 21st and 30th Regiments of Punjab Native Infantry, both at Peshawar, have also been warned.

THE weather at Kandahar during the first week of March was very stormy, frequent and heavy showers of rain and hail occurring ; the last two days of the week turned out fine and bracing, and fair weather was anticipated, but on Sunday it began to rain at about ten, and continued steadily the whole day.

MAJOR FORBES, R. E., Superintending Engineer, and Secretary to the Resident at Hyderabad, P. W. D., proceeds shortly to take up his officiating appointment as Chief Engineer and Joint-Secretary to the Government of the N. W. P. and Oudh. Lieut.-Colonel Lindsay, R.E., Superintending Engineer (Railway Branch), is temporarily posted to Hyderabad, in the place of Major Forbes, R.E.

SIR GEORGE COUPER has commuted the sentence of death passed upon Adolphus Cooper, in the Jubbulpore murder case, to penal servitude for life. The Lieutenant-Governor fully concurred in the justice and propriety of the conviction on the evidence ; but found sufficient grounds for clemency in the indications of insanity furnished by the record, and by the medical reports of the wretched man's mental condition subsequent to sentence.

THE *Indian Mirror* :—The proposed Native Club in Bombay, to be called the Union, will embrace all sections of the local native community. The Parsees have had a club of their own long since, but the proposed club is to be established upon a broader basis, and will embrace and unite different races. We wish the promoters every success. The establishment of such clubs in all the chief cities and provincial towns of India is, to our mind, a sure means of effecting the unification of India.

THE *Journal of the Anjuman-i-Punjab* remarks:—Whilst undue attention has been paid to the anti-British publications of Constantinople, among which even the Anglo-phil *Al-jawaib* was, absurdly enough, included, the alleged enormous despatch from London itself of the *Ghairat* seems to have been completely overlooked. It is written in Persian, is decidedly hostile to British interests, and is said to aim at the amalgamation of all Mahomedans under Abdul Hamid, the present Sultan of Turkey. How far and in what sense that ruler can be said to be the Khalifa of the Sunni community is a question which we hope to be able to answer in an early issue.

A GENERAL court-martial, assembled at Lucknow on the 25th February, found Private Joseph Hamson, 33rd Regiment, guilty of the following offences :—Having at Lucknow, on or about the 8th February, struck with his clenched fist Provisional Lance Corporal and Warder Robert Jones, 33rd Regiment, his superior officer, while in the execution of his office ; and having at the same time used towards Jones threatening language, in substance and to the effect following : that is to say, "You broken * * * * * * I have had it in for you a long time, and I will kill you before I have done with you." The prisoner was sentenced to penal servitude for five years.

THE retirement of Justices Pearson and Spankie, the Lahore paper suggests, affords the Punjab an opportunity to pay the North-West an ancient debt of gratitude. Promotion in the Punjab is notoriously slow, and as the anticipated return of Mr. Justice Thornton will displace Mr. Brandreth, the occasion might be seized to provide the latter gentleman a permanent post at Allahabad. Or, if Mr. Brandreth is not likely to be displaced, Mr. Elsmie, or some other civilian of like standing, might go to the North-West, and so earn the gratitude of the Punjab Commission by restoring to it the step in promotion of which Mr. Lindsay's unhappy advent deprived it.

PRIVATE letters from Kabul, the *Civil and Military Gazette* says, confirm the news regarding the murder of some of the sons of Ameer Dost Mahomed Khan. It is further alleged that four of the late Ameer's sons, including Habib Ullah Khan, whose death has caused general surprise among the Afghans, and Nazr Mahomed Khan, and one grandson named Shahbaz Khan, were conspiring against the authority of the Ameer, but that the plot was either discovered or betrayed. Guilty or not, they were immediately executed. It may be mentioned that of the 37 sons of Dost Mahomed Khan, there now survive Wali Mahomed Khan, Sheriff Mahomed Khan—between both of whom and Abdul Rahman exists bitter enmity—Nek Mahomed Khan, Mahomed Yusaf Khan, chief adviser of the Ameer, Mahomed Hasham Khan, commander of his forces at Kabul, Omar Khan, and Amed Khan, both of whom were recently summoned from Amritsar.

THE *Pioneer* writes :—The Bombay Government has peremptorily refused to forward to the Secretary of State the memorials of certain officers of the Public Works Department who have some reason to consider themselves wronged by the promotion of three officers over the head of ten others, their seniors by twelve years. These three fortunate young officers were engaged by the Secretary of State in 1868 under temporary covenants for a term of five years, and they did not pass the usual competitive examination. Nothing could be more natural than that covenanted officers who had entered the service in the regular way, and undergone many years of service, should wish to resent a proceeding which, to say the least, has an air of injustice. It is said that these supersessions have been dictated by the Secretary of State ; but it is more probable that the matter was left to the discretion of the Bombay Government. In either case, however, the refusal to receive and forward temperately-worded memorials setting forth cases of undeniable hardship will scarcely endear the Bombay authorities to the officers of the Public Works Department.

REGARDING the change in the manner of the communication of official news to the press, the *Statesman* writes :—We may at once admit that there is no reason why all that the Press Commissioner has been in the habit of doing should not be done by a clerk in the Foreign Office under the eye of a fairly intelligent Under-Secretary, and so the saving of Mr. Lethbridge's salary may be regarded as a clear gain to the country, and will pay the interest of about two millions of the public debt. But the Press Commissionership might, we think, have been made an office of great public utility and well worth its cost ; and we cannot, without a touch of regret, see the final failure of a scheme in which at one time we took so keen an interest. We hope the new arrangement will work well. It will at least secure that a certain amount of information shall be distributed to the press generally, and the press will doubtless be thankful for the smallest of mercies. One thing that we never could understand is, why the Press Commissionership should always have been regarded as so intimately connected with the Foreign Office. The Government of India seems to think that it is only Foreign Office news that the public care for.

WE read in the Lahore paper that after repeated applications from the Kashmere Mahomedans for years, the Maharaja of Kashmere has consented to give Rs. 3,000 for the repairs of the Imperial Mosque at Kashmere, which is nearly destroyed for want of repairs. The Mahomedans ask that, when they have to pay a special tax for the maintenance of Hindu temples, their only mosque should be maintained by the State. Unpleasant reports continue to be received from Kashmere respecting the behaviour of the officials, to whom the Mahomedans are victims. Forced labour is one of the greatest instruments of extortion in the hands of the officials, and is only used against Mussalmans. The memorial which the Kashmere residents of Amritsar have presented to the Maharaja of Kashmere has caused great consternation throughout the State, as the memorialists are bent upon forwarding the same petition to the Supreme and Home Governments, if His Highness does not entertain it. The petitioners have been asked to take back their memorial for re-consideration, but this they have declined to do.

THE *Pioneer* says that the man Cooper, recently condemned to death for the murder of his paramour, under circumstances which left the jury no option but to convict him, and the judge no option but to hang him, was quite dumbfounded with astonishment when the intelligence of his reprieve was communicated. One can quite believe this. Cooper, no doubt, saw the "justice and propriety" of the verdict in even a stronger light than the Lieutenant-Governor—a light so strong as to blind him to the existence of those mitigating circumstances which, happily for the murderer, His Honour has been able to distinguish. We regret we are still in the dark. It may be true that there were traces of insanity in the convict's family ; but it is not for a moment pretended that he himself was insane at the time when the crime was committed. And unless frequent indulgence in strong drink is to hold a man unaccountable for the mood of brooding ferocity under the influence of which he does deliberate murder, Cooper's was about the last case in the world calling for the exercise of clemency.

THE petition for peace which the Basutos have addressed to Sir George Strahan is rather a touching document. It reminds Englishmen of their "civilizing mission." The Basutos say that they have accepted that mission. For twelve years they have "earnestly tried to understand and obey the Queen's laws." It requires a considerable intellectual effort to understand the laws of England, especially when the student is a Basuto who has hitherto framed his life in accordance with laws absolutely different in spirit. What "the Queen's laws" forbid native law often enjoins, and the people must be loyal-hearted who are willing to reform their whole social organization to please the English. The Basuto loyalty makes sacrifices even more willingly than that of the trusty Highlanders. They do not give up the tartans without remonstrance. But the Basutos, all to please England, have given up their national dress, which was rather classical than copious, and have put on coats and trousers. "We have adopted the white man's dress, and have, in place of our ancient huts, built houses to live in." They have done their best to turn in a generation from barbarism to civilization. And what is the result ? They say plainly enough that the white man is trying to take what they call "their beautiful country." They appeal, as simple persons accustomed to patriarchal government naturally do, straight to the justice and kindness of the Queen.

THE largest vote ever recorded in the Senate of Cambridge University has confirmed the report and recommendation of the Syndicate appointed to consider certain memorials relating to the encouragement of higher education among women. It is true that among the friends of female education in Cambridge an impression prevail, that the question ought never to have been raised at all ; that, under the hitherto existing informal system, women have been practically getting an excellent education ; and that a needless risk was incurred by challenging this vote. A crisis was threatened ; but all is well that ends well ; and the advantages of University education are now formally attainable by women. What the Syndicate recommended was that women admitted to the Honour Examinations should be required to have fulfilled the same conditions of residence as are imposed on members of the University ; and that they should either have given the same evidence of preliminary training by passing the Previous Examination or one of the various substitutes already accepted for it, or else should have obtained an Honour Certificate in the Higher Local Examination, with the condition of passing in certain specified groups. It is further recommended that the University shall grant to each successful candidate a certificate setting forth the conditions under which she has been admitted to the Tripos examination, and the standard to which she has attained. Residence is to be kept at Girton College, at Newnham College, or within the precincts of the University, under the regulations of one or other of those colleges ; or in any similar institution which the University may hereafter recognise.

THE *Figaro* asserts that as late as the 19th Feb. ammunition was despatched from France to Greece through the medium of "third parties." On the 17th Feb. twenty-six railway vans laden with cartridges, addressed to a commercial house, arrived by the railway at Havre The firm to which they were addressed were unable to send them away, owing to the vessels on which they were to be shipped not having yet arrived in port, and the colonel of artillery refused to allow this dangerous merchandise to be placed in the depôt. The Chamber of Commerce at Havre took alarm, and ordered the waggons to be shunted on a still incomplete branch line. The *Figaro*, in consequence of rumours it has heard, asks the following questions :—"First, is it true that the twenty-six railway van-loads of cartridges in question were obtained from the Direction de l'Artillerie at Vincennes, and that these cartridges came from the neighbouring forts—Noisy, Charenton, &c.? Second, is it true that authorization to transport was given by the Prefecture of the Seine, with a view to their being shipped for Greece?" In consequence of the publication of this statement, the Paris correspondent of the *Standard* applied to the firm concerned in this transaction—Messrs. Helbronner and Co.—to ascertain what had really taken place. They told him that they had bought arms and ammunition from the French Government, on condition that they should be exported, and they had despatched arms and ammunition purchased at Lyons *viâ* Marseilles, purchased at Arras *viâ* Dunkirk, and purchased at Vincennes *viâ* Havre. The last cargo sent to Havre for shipment to Greece consisted of 50,000 rifles and 25,000,000 rounds of ball cartridge. This last cargo the French Government notified on Tuesday to MM. Helbronner and Co. they would not allow to be exported, and further informed them that they would buy back the arms and stores, and indemnify them for the expenses and loss they might have sustained.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA AND HUNT SKY-RACES—1881.

FIRST DAY, SATURDAY, 19TH MARCH, 1881.

STEWARDS.—Colonel M. Willoughby, Hon. J. N. Graham, R. Roberts, Esq., N. S. Symons, Esq., Captain Moore, 4th King's Own, A. B. Mein, Esq., Marine Battalion, J. L. Mackay, Esq., J. Littleton Symons, Esq.

THE sky-races on the Kennedy Sea face this year are not confined, as in former years, to the Gymkhana, but are the joint projection of that excellent institution and its younger but vigorous and popular brother, the Bombay Hunt. For the first day, Saturday, there were four races—a pony steeplechase for "tats" not above the height of 13-2 ; a hunt steeplechase for horses that have been regularly ridden with the Bombay hounds ; a pony race, half-mile on the flat ; and a hack race, three-quarters of a mile. The arrangements were excellent in all respects save one, namely, that the card was so far incomplete that it was difficult to distinguish the horses running. It would be a great convenience to spectators if care is taken to correctly state on the card the colours to be worn by the rider of every horse and pony engaged in to-day's races.

The sport was greatly marred on Saturday by an unfortunate accident which occurred in the first race on the programme, in which Mr. N. S. Symons, Secretary of the Hunt, riding his own pony, Flycatcher, came to grief over a fallen pony and rider, and had to be taken off the course in a carriage, quite stunned and apparently seriously injured.

Both the pony races were won very easily by Mr. Kuper's Lucifer, ridden by Captain French, though in the half-mile flat race Mr. Ryan's Hopeful might have had a chance if he had not been crushed with such an outside weight—11st. 10lbs, as compared to Lucifer's 10st. 7lb. The Hunt Steeplechase was won by Mr. Cuff's Siankos, a number of lengths ahead of Mr. Cooper's Polly ; and the Hackstakes fell to Mr. Lyon's Cabin-boy.

GYMKHANA PONY STEEPLECHASE.—For all untrained Arab and C. B. ponies 13-2 and under. 13-2 to carry 11 stone ; 7 lbs. allowed for every inch under. Course about ¾ mile. Entrance Rs. 5. Rs. 50 added.

Mr. Kuper's ch cb p Lucifer, 10 7 (Capt. French) 1
Mr. Gethyn's b cb p Crab, 10 7 (Owner).
Mr. Le Petit's c bp Café au Lait, 10 0 (Owner).
Mr. R. C.'s ch cb m La Reclamé, 11 0 (Owner).
Mr. N. S. Symons' b cb p Flycatcher 10 0 (Owner).
Mr. Bell's bl cb p Punch, 10 0 (—).
Mr. Gray's r cb p The Leper, 11 0 (Owner).
Mr. Talbot's g cb p Sportsman, 11 (Owner).
Mr. Nicholson's b cb p Haout, 11 0 (Owner).

Won by any number of lengths ; in fact, there was nothing else in it. Flycatcher fell, and his rider was severely injured.

HUNT STEEPLECHASE.—For all untrained horses that have been regularly hunted with the Bombay Hounds. Arabs and C. B. horses to carry catch weights over 11 stone. Walers' catch weights over 12-7. S. C. about 1 mile. Entrance Rs. 10. Rs. 125 added.

Mr. Cuff's b w g Siankos (—) 1
Mr. Cooper's mare Polly (Owner) 2
Mr. Kilnwick's g cb m Countess (Mr. Gray) .. 3
Mr. R. C.'s b a h The Baccha (Owner).
Mr. Taffy's w a Galloway Dewi Wyn, Mr. W. Pocket.
Mr. T.'s b a h Loafer (—).

Siankos had the race in hand all the way round, and won very easily from Polly ; Countess a bad third. Dewi Wyn fell.

GYMKHANA PONY STAKES.—For all untrained C. B. ponies 13-2 and under. Weights as in No. 1. ½ mile. Entrance Rs. 5. Rs. 50 added.

Mr. Kuper's ch cb p Lucifer, 10 7 (Capt French) .. 1
Mr. Le Petit's cb p Café au Lait. 10 0 (Owner) .. 2
Mr. Ryan's cb p Hopeful, 11 10 (Owner) 3
Mr. Gethyn's b cb p Crab, 10 7 (Owner).
Mr. Bell's bl cb p Punch, 10 0 (—).
Mr. Gray's r cb p The Leper, 11 0 (Owner).

Lucifer won with ease, hard held ; Café au Lait three lengths behind ; Hopeful, a similar distance away, third.

HACK STAKES.—For all untrained Arab and C. B. hacks. Catch weights over 11 stone. ¾ mile. Entrance Rs. 10. Rs. 100 added.

Mr. A. W. Lyon's g p h Cabin-boy (Mr. Even).. 1
Mr. Linton (nominates) Dr. Clarkson's ch a h Baby (Mr. Linton) .. 2
Mr. Weber's b a h Selim (Owner).
Mr. Phayre's a h Lottery (Owner).
Mr. L.'s g a h Sydney (—).
Mr. T.'s b a h Loafer (—).

Another very easy thing for the winner, who had any number of lengths to spare.

SECOND DAY, MONDAY, 21ST MARCH.

FIRST RACE.

GYMKHANA STEEPLECHASE.—For all untrained Arab and C. B. horses. Catch weights over 11 stone. S. C. about 1 mile. Entrance Rs. 10. Rs. 100 added. Time—4-45 p. m.

Mr. R. C.'s b a h The Baccha, Owner.
Mr. Kilnwick's g c b m Countess, Mr. Gray.
Mr. N. S. Symons' b a h Kingfisher, Owner.
Mr. Taffy's w a h Dewi Wyn, Mr. W. Pocket.
Mr. T.'s b a h Loafer.

SECOND RACE.

HUNT PONY STEEPLECHASE.—For all untrained ponies 13-2 and under that have been regularly hunted with the Bombay Hounds. Catch weights over 11 stone. S. C. about 1 mile. Entrance Rs. 10. Rs. 100 added. Time—5-15 p. m.

Mr. Gethyn's b c b p The Crab, Owner.
M. Le Petit's c b p Cafe au Lait, Owner.
Mr. R. C.'s c h c b m La Reclame, Owner.
Mr. N. S. Symons' b c b p Flycatcher, Owner.
Mr. Clare's b c b p Highlander.
Mr. Gray's r c b p The Leper, Owner.
Mr. Nicholson's b c b p Haout, Owner.
Mr. Gawne's b c b p Utility, Owner.

THIRD RACE.

LADIES' BRACELET.—For all untrained Arab and C. B. horses nominated by ladies. Catch weights over 11 stone. ½ mile. Prize, a bracelet. Winner receives entrance money. Entrance Rs. 10. Time—5-45 P.M.

Nominates

Mrs. Lyon, Mr. A. W. Lyon's, g p h Cabin Boy.
Mrs. Saunders, Dr. Clarkson's (Mr. Linton nom.) c h a h Baby, Mr. Linton.
Mrs. Symons, Mr. N.S. Symons' b a h Kingfisher, Owner.
.. Mrs. Portman's g a h Sir Frank, Mr. Conran.
Mrs. O., Mr. L.'s g a h Sydney.
Mrs. Tuson, Mr. St. George's ch a h Dardanelles, Owner.

FOURTH RACE.

POLO STAKES.—For all recognized Gymkhana polo poines 13-2 and under, certified, if necessary, by the Hony. Secretary for polo. Catch weights over 10-7. ¼ mile heats without dismounting. Entrance Rs. 5. Rs. 50 added. Time—6-15 P.M.

Mr. Gethyn's g c r p Cocktail, Mr. Gray.
M. Le Petit's c b p Cafe au Lait., Owner.
Mr. Kuper's ch c b p Lucifer.
Mr. R. C.'s ch c b m La Reclame, Owner.
Mr. N. S. Symons' b c b p Skittles, Owner.
Mr. L. nom. Mr. C.'s g c b m Meg
Mr. Reid's c h c b p Snob, Owner.

The first race will be run at 4-45 p.m. ; the second at 5-15 ; the third at 5-45 ; and the fourth at 6-15 p.m. Carriages must enter the Sea-face from the Chowpatty end, and drive along the side of the ride to the enclosure. Cards, 4 annas each, obtainable at the *Bombay Gazette* office, or on the ground.

36, Elphinstone-circle. HONORARY SECRETARY.

HYDERABAD CONTINGENT.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

THE vacant post in the 1st Cavalry Hyderabad Contingent, Bolarum, in the room of Doctor Riddell, it is rumoured will be given to Doctor Sargent, of the 5th Infantry H. C., at Hingolee. Surgeon Major Crocker, M. D., of the 4th Infantry, H. C., has a prior claim ; but having refused a cavalry regiment some time ago for cogent reasons, it is anticipated that he will be overlooked.

It is under consideration to abolish the appointment of the Deputy Assistant Commissary in the Ordnance Department. The appointment will be absorbed after the present incumbent retires.

There are a few applicants for the Brigade Surgeoncy in this service, two of whom have seen war service. It is generally expected that Surgeon Major G. A. Burn, A. M. and M. D., will receive the coveted post, not only as being the senior medical officer in the H. C., but as possessing the ability and merit for the newly fledged rank.

Brigadier Gough takes over the command of the Hyderabad Contingent in April next, when Brigader General T. Wright, C.B., retires. With the new régime, it is to be hoped that some definite rule may be laid down for appointment to the Commandantship. At present there are many smarting under the haphazard method of distributing the loaves and fishes in this service.

EIGHT patients affected with Phthisis pulmonalis in its first stage, treated by *Grimault's Syrup of Hypophosphite of Lime* during a period varying between six weeks and four months, are so well recovered at the present time that there is no possibility to witness the presence of tubercules in their lungs ; the cure reckons now two years.—*Vienna Medical Gazette*, Austria.

PROFESSIONAL BRETHREN.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—It is sad to think that the Bombay Medical Service has fallen so low that the public must be informed that even the person at the head of it is a gentleman, and no seeker after popularity, and no sycophant. Might not all that be taken for granted ? The Surgeon General's well-known bashfulness and retiring habits cannot during his long service have so entirely hidden his good qualities that they require to be made known in the daily papers.

"Verax" is not only a defender of the slandered, but a person of sad experience :—"I have always found that the cleverest doctors are not the most popular among their fraternity." The "fraternity" of doctors is not over-wise and very jealous, it would appear. In the *Lancet* for February 26 the following words occur in the notice of the death of Professor Sanders of Edinburgh :—"One of the sayings of Mr. Syme, in our student days, was that a man may be known by how he stands with his professional brethren ; and tried by that test, Dr. Sanders stood very high, for he enjoyed the entire confidence of his brethren, and, more than that, their personal esteem."

"Verax" may be right in his estimate of the feelings of medical men, but possibly the public and the profession will prefer to be wrong in company with Mr. Syme, one of the most distinguished surgeons of the century.

ME.

SOME SUGGESTED RAILWAY REFORMS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Boatmen are constantly punished for carrying excess number of passengers, and sometimes buggy walas are dealt with for a similar offence ; but no attention is paid to the railway carriages, especially those of the third class, in which poor passengers are forcibly pushed, like goats, over the allowed number of fifty, in spite of cries of complaint, which are never listened to. Sometimes second-class carriages are also overcrowded. Why do not the station-masters put in one or two more carriages than the usual number to the various mail and passenger-trains from the starting stations ? And if so, they should supply them, or issue, not more tickets than a train can carry. The lamps in railway-carriages are indeed most disgraceful. It is not only that they burn dim and give insufficient light, but most of them leak, others burn very dull, and a few go out altogether. All the above statements are real facts as manifest as daylight, and well-known to all railway passengers, near and far. Hence it is urgently needed that the authorities should pay attention to the above complaints, and remedy the obvious defects without any loss of time.

NATIVE PASSENGER.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Corporation Meeting, 3 p. m.
Freemasons' Jamshid-i-No-roz Festival, 6 p. m.
Band, 25th B. L. I., Apollo Bunder, this evening.
Lecture by Rev. Mr. Park, Free General Assembly's Institution, 8 p.m.
Chiarini's Circus, 9 p. m.
Gaiety Theatre, "Robinson Crusoe," 9 p. m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived on the 17th :—Corsica (s), from London. 19th :—Singapore (s), Genoa ; Grimsel (s), Tyne ; Knight Templar (s), Cardiff ; Cosmo (s), Port Said.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed on the 19th :—Mangerton (s), to Galle ; India (s), Claudius (s), and Wickham (s), Marseilles ; Vindobala (s), Dunkirk.

MUSIC AT THE APOLLO BUNDER.—The band of the 25th Bombay Light Infantry will play the following programme of music at the Apollo Bunder this evening.

March	Love laid his Sleepless Head	Kappey.
Overture	L'Ambassadrice	Auber.
Valse	Chants de l'Aube	Lamothe.
Selection	Reminiscences of Balfe	Godfrey.
Quadrille	Chilperie	Marriott.
Galop	Ohne Rast and Ohne Ruh	Doppler.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s. s. Roumania and Glenrath entered, and the barque Ardenconnel and s. s. India left, the dock on Saturday.

LECTURE.—In connection with the Free Church College Debating Society, the Rev. Mr. Park will deliver a lecture to the public, on the subject of "Indian History," in the Hall of the Free General Assembly's Institution, at 8 p. m. to-day.

CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.—The following is a summary of cases prosecuted by the agents of the S. P. C. A. during the week ending the 19th instant :—Horses, 2 lame ; bullocks, 11 lame, 37 sore neck, 10 emaciated. Total number of cases, 60 ; amount of fines, Rs. 57.

STREET ACCIDENT.—A Mahomedan woman named Wajeerbie, while passing along Shamjee Hassajee-street, on Friday last, sustained a fracture to her right leg below the knee, by a bag of tilseed accidentally falling upon her. She was removed to the J. J. Hospital for treatment.

ILLEGAL POSSESSION OF OPIUM.—Shaik Nunnoo Shaik Dawood was on Saturday last charged at the instance of Constable Hayter, before Mr. C. P. Cooper, with having in his possession fifty-four and a half tolas of opium, valued at Rs. 17, without a permit from the Collector of Bombay. The prisoner admitted the truth of the charge, and was fined Rs. 50, or in default one month's rigorous imprisonment. The opium was ordered to be confiscated and made over to the Collector of Bombay.

THE GAME OF BRAG AT POONA.—The following paragraph from Saturday's *Deccan Herald* reads well by the light of the final score-lists of the Volunteer Rifle Association meeting, which we published on Saturday morning. Not one of the three Association medals was won by a Poona man.

> "We observe that the four members of the Poona Volunteers who have been able to attend the Coorla meeting have, as usual, done well, and will no doubt take away the Association medals as in former years. There can be no question about the quality of the shooting of the Poona Volunteers ; and if the Captain commanding would only issue a challenge for a home and home match with the Bombay companies, he would please all hands here, and settle once for all that the detachment does possess men who can manipulate the Martini-Henry better than their Bombay comrades."

The same paper has some further absurd remarks about the conditions of the Sandeman Cup competition ; but that is a matter past and settled, the cup having been shot for and won—and by a score which we do not think any Poona man would have been likely to beat.

ASSAULTING A SHIP-CAPTAIN.—On Saturday last at the Fort Police Court, before Mr. C. P. Cooper, George Hodges, John Johnson, and John Hanson, seamen of the steamship Earl's Hall, were charged with assaulting Captain Alexander Stevens, the master of that vessel, on the day previous. It appears that on the afternoon of the day in question it was brought to the notice of Captain Stevens that the three accused were under the influence of liquor, and they were suspected of having tampered with a barrel containing white rum, which was a portion of the cargo of the vessel. The captain questioned the men regarding the matter and they became insolent, and demanded their discharge from the vessel, which the captain declined to allow. Defendants Nos. 1 and 3 then struck him with their clenched fists, and a scuffle ensued, in which the captain's watch fell out of his waistcoat pocket. Defendant No. 2 picked it up and threw it at the captain. A box containing brass nails, belonging to the carpenter of the vessel, was also thrown overboard by the same defendant. Assistance being rendered by the chief officer and others on board the vessel, the defendants were secured and handed over to the police. They were convicted ; prisoners Nos. 1 and 3 were sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment each, and prisoner No. 2, John Johnson, was fined Rs. 20, or in default to two weeks' similar imprisonment. The fine, if recovered, was ordered to be paid to the captain for the damage done to his watch.

TRAFFIC ON THE B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.—The decrease in weight in goods traffic on the B. B. and C. I. Railway for the week ending 12th March, 1881, was 39,134 maunds, and in money Rs. 2,893. The quantities carried and earnings compared with 1880 are as follows :—

Description.	Week ending 12th Mar. 1881.	Week ending 13th Mar. 1880.	Increase.	Decrease
COTTON—				
Weight Mds.	57,092	61,320	..	4,228
Amount Rs.	29,734	27,571	2,163	..
GRAIN—				
Weight Mds.	63,321	75,345	..	12,024
Amount Rs.	16,683	17,812	..	1,129
JAGREE—				
Weight Mds.	16,289	22,285	..	5,996
Amount Rs.	9,041	12,778	..	3,737
OPIUM—				
Weight Mds.	736	1,178	..	435
Amount Rs.	1,974	2,961	..	987
P. GOODS AND TWIST—				
Weight Mds.	6,467	5,043	1,424	..
Amount Rs.	5,863	4,773	1,090	..
SALT—				
Weight Mds.	32,022	49,595	..	17,573
Amount Rs.	3,719	10,517	..	6,798
SEEDS—				
Weight Mds.	24,792	12,386	12,406	..
Amount Rs.	9,244	4,344	4,900	..
SUGAR—				
Weight Mds.	5,358	5,823	..	465
Amount Rs.	3,110	3,077	33	..
STATE RY MATERIALS—				
Weight Mds.	4,318	4,138	180	..
Amount Rs.	2,907	2,146	761	..
TIMBER—				
Weight Mds.	22,932	21,076	1,856	..
Amount Rs.	5,835	5,163	672	..
DRY FRUIT—				
Weight Mds.	10,332	19,975	..	9,64
Amount Rs.	4,340	8,858	..	4,518
MOWRA—				
Weight Mds.	10,580	11,126	..	546
Amount Rs.	2,605	2,811	..	206
GENERAL GOODS—				
Weight Mds.	93,951	98,041	..	4,090
Amounts Rs.	29,747	24,884	4,863	..
TOTAL—				
Weight Mds.	3,48,190	3,87,324	..	39,134
Amount Rs.	1,24,802	1,27,695	..	2,893

"ANEMIC for several years past, I could neither stand nor digest any food. Few bottles of Dusart's syrup have brought back my appetite and restored my former strength. I likewise gave this medicine to a young rickety infant of mine ; all traces of disease disappeared, and the child's constitution is well-developed.—MRS. JOHNSON, Washington, U. S."

MOVEMENTS OF TROOPS.

THE depôts of the 4th and 9th Regiments are to be moved from Surat. The former goes to Ahmednagar, and the latter to Deesa. This will leave Surat with two native infantry depôts only, viz., those of the 10th and 28th Regiments.

The 29th Regiment Native Infantry, or 2nd Beloochees, returning from Afghanistan, left Sibi on the evening of the 18th instant by rail, the head-quarters and four companies for Hyderabad, the other four companies for Kurrachee, in relief of the 18th Regiment Native Infantry, which moves to Poona, where the regiment was quartered prior to its departure for Sind. The latter corps will furnish a detachment of 100 men for Tanna, in relief of the company of the 25th Regiment Native Infantry, which will rejoin head-quarters at Bombay. One wing of the 18th Native Infantry was to have left Kurrachee last night for Bombay in the Patrick Stewart.

The allotment of troops to the Crocodile and Malabar, as detailed in our issue of the 18th instant, has been cancelled, intimation having been received from the Secretary of State that the Euphrates, which left Bombay a short time ago with the 85th Regiment, has been ordered to return to Bombay to convey time-expired men, invalids, &c., to England. The Euphrates is expected to reach this port about the 20th April. The date of sailing of the Crocodile from Bombay has been changed from the 5th April to the 31st instant. The order to engage hired tonnage for the conveyance to England of about 390 men has also been cancelled.

RIFLE-SHOOTING.

CALCUTTA ALL-COMERS' MATCH.

THE following is the result of the Calcutta Rifle Volunteers' Annual All-comers' Contest :—

	Regt. or Corps.	Station.	Rank.	Name.	500 yds.	600 yds	Tol.
1	2-7th Fus.	Ahmednagar.	Sergt.	F Holloway,	49	50	99
2	Do.	do.	Lt.	C G Donald,	49	48	97
3	Do.	do.	Hpl. Sgt.	R Castle,	46	47	63
4	Bom. Vol.	Poona	Sergt.	S G Brebner	48	45	93
5	13 L I	Kamptee	Lt.	H T Shubrieti.	43	48	91
6	Bangalore Vols	Bangalore	Capt.	W R Pratt	47	44	91
7	13 L I	Kamptee	S.I.M.	H Sargeant	42	47	89
8	Bom. Vol. Coorla		Lt.	W F Whitehead	49	40	89
9	2-7 Fus.	Ahmednagar.	Pte.	Byford J	49	39	88
10	Punj. Vols.	Lahore	Sergt.	C Henning	44	43	87
11	Bom Vols.	Poona	Sergt.	F McDonnell	46	41	87
12	43 Regt.	Tonghoo	Pte.	Collison	45	40	85
13	Punj Vols.	Rupar	Vol.	P Lenchan	46	39	85
14	1st P Vols.	Lahore	Sergt.	E Ross	41	43	84
15	Do.	Lahore	Mr.	A Lemmon	41	43	84
16	Bom Vols.	Coorla	Sergt.	C Hall	45	39	84
17	1st Punj. Vols.	Lahore	2 S.	J Davis	47	37	84
18	30th Regt.	Ranikhet	Lt.	Brown	40	43	83
19	1st Pj. Vols.	Lahore	Mr.	W Craw	42	41	83
20	NBS Ry Vol	Saidpore	Vol.	Anderson	43	40	83

MUSKETRY.

THE following return shows the progress made by the British and native troops of this presidency in carrying out the annual course of musketry up to the end of last month.

BRITISH TROOPS.

No. in order of merit.	Corps.	No. of men exercised.	Figure of merit.	No. of marksmen.	Best shooting company and its figure of merit.	
	Cavalry.					
	17th Lancers	383	31·33	16	G	32·96
	Infantry.					
1	17th Foot (2nd B)	680	112·76	176	B	120·67
2	62nd ,,	404	110·73	119	G	118·01
3	98th ,,	451	102·88	66	F	109·60
4	Rifle Brigade	795	100·45	85	I	107·82
5	89th ,,	484	98·34	95	C	105·30
6	29th ,,	730	92·29	86	E	101·52
7	15th (2nd B.)	141	85·21	5	A	90·86
8	8th ,,	491	84·74	26	F	02·91
	NATIVE TROOOPS.					
	Cavalry.					
1	Aden Troops	60	58·13	..	..	
2	1st Lancers	227	37·12	..	F	40·69
	Infantry.					
1	6th Regiment	542	83·92	73	D	90·00
2	2nd ,,	501	80·00	43	D	86·49
3	3rd ,,	466	79·73	50	B	84·94
4	18th ,,	421	79·61	28	H	86·80
5	11th ,,	428	79·48	24	A	85·10
6	21st ,,	364	76·58	16	A	84·17
7	14th ,,	623	76·48	41	H	79·77
8	26th ,,	467	74·71	23	B	80·90
9	17th ,,	577	73·91	17	E	87·53
10	12th ,,	595	73·49	20	H	81·28
11	7th ,,	483	73·16	13	H	79·95
12	1st ,,	197	72·78	12	D	79·84
13	22nd ,,	638	71·58	14	B	76·59
14	25th ,,	341	70·40	7	C	75·56
15	20th ,,	404	66·15	20	E	77·54

Regiments excluded from the above have not practised to establish a figure of merit.

The best shot amongst the British troops is Colour Sergeant Hoey, 1st Battalion Rifle Brigade, with 183 points.

The best shots amongst the native troops are Private Pitnac Sonnac, 6th Regiment, and Lce. Havildar Sheik Habbeeb, 14th Regiment, each with 149 points.

CHIARINIS CIRCUS.

THE company played to a full house on Saturday night. The programme was a varied one, and included several interesting new acts. Mr. Harry Lee introduced the two pretty Shetland ponies in a 'seesaw game," in which the little animals displayed their intelligence and docility to great advantage. Mr. Dunbar's performance on a pole held by Mr. Verletti was a daring feat of strength ; and the clowns afforded ample amusement, especially to the "younger sort" among the house. Mr. Johnson's sensational performance with the tigers continues to astonish the natives, hundreds of whom, on Saturday, witnessed it with admiration. The management announce a change of programme to-night.

THE VICTORIA MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

AN annual ordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the above company was held at the registered office, No. 6, Hornby-row, on Saturday last, at 3-30 p. m. The secretary, Mr. Merwanjee Sorabjee Jamsetjee, read the directors' report for the year 1880, of which the following is an abstract :—The company's net profit for the first six months was Rs. 35,044-3·71, out of which a dividend of Rs. 40 per share was paid to the shareholders, absorbing Rs. 24,000, and leaving a balance of Rs. 11,044-3·71, which was carried to the second half-year's account, making the earnings of that period to Rs. 55,024-0·80. Out of this the directors set aside Rs. 18,000 to the reduction of the cost of the new boiler and building account, and new engine and building account, Rs. 9,000 each, thus leaving as the net profit for the second half-year Rs. 37,024-0·80. A dividend of Rs. 50 per share was sanctioned and declared payable on and after the 23rd March, 1881, for the six months ended 31st December 1880, absorbing Rs. 30,000, and leaving a balance of Rs. 7,024-0·80, out of which sum the shareholders set aside Rs. 7,000 in further reduction of the cost of the new boilers and building account. Messrs. Burjorjee Muncherjee Wadia and Pallonjee Framjee Metha were appointed auditors of the company for the current year on a remuneration of Rs. 150 each. The meeting dispersed after a vote of thanks to the chairman, the directors, and the agents for their able management of the company's affairs.

THE NATIVE GENERAL LIBRARY.

THE thirty-fifth annual general meeting of the library was held on Saturday evening in the Framji Cowasji Hall, the Hon. Rao Saheb V. N. Mandlik presiding. Before the annual report was read by the secretary, Mr. Ardesheer Framji Moos, four scrutineers—Messrs. Hormusji Muncherji Chijgar, Sitaram J. Dalvi, M. S. Katruck, and H. C. Koorlevala—were appointed to examine the voting-lists. The following is an epitome of the report read at the meeting :—

The managing committee of the Bombay Native General Library have great pleasure in laying before the members and subscribers of the library a report of their proceedings for the year ending 31st December, 1880.

The committee have great pleasure to announce that the past has been the nineteenth year in which the library has defrayed its annual expenditure entirely from its current income derived from subscription of members and subscribers, and from the interest of its reserve fund.

At the end of the year 1879 the property, assets, and outstandings of the institution consisted of :—

Books, scientific apparatus, and furniture,	Rs.	44,795	5	9
Amount invested in Govt. promissory notes.	,,	20,164	11	0
Balance in the current account of the National Bank of India.	,,	1,353	10	10
Outstanding on Messrs. Griffith and Farran.	,,	1,545	9	2
Outstanding of subscriptions on the 31st. Dec., 1879.	,,	135	0	0

To this sum was added during the year Rs. 5,338-13-10, being the gross income derived from subscriptions from life members, members, and subscribers, platform fee, interest realized on Government paper, set apart as constituting the reserve fund and the book fund.

From the credit sum of Rs. 73,333-5-7 the committee have paid the annual expenditure of Rs. 4,714-3-0 on account of establishment, subscription to newspapers and periodicals and sundry expenses, and a sum of Rs. 3,500 as the contribution of the library towards purchasing for the use of the Framjee Cowasjee Institute in conjunction with the Students' Literary and Scientific Society, who have also contributed Rs. 1,000 from their own funds, the chandelier, gas fittings, and fifty dozen chairs now in the hall of the Institute, and towards defraying the past outgoing in connection with the institute as will be more fully explained hereafter, leaving at the end of the year 1880 a credit balance of Rs. 64,647-9 the details of which are given in the audited statement of income and expenditure accounts and balance sheet of the library annexed, and which in brief are as follows :—

Value of stock consisting books, scientific apparatus, and furniture.	Rs.	46,385	8	6
Amount invested in Government Promissory Notes.		16,633	0	0
Balance in current account of the National Bank of India.		1,560	8	6
Outstanding of subscription from members and subscribers.		68	8	0

Showing a decrease of Rs. 3,246-11-9 over the credit balance of the year under report.

To consider a recommendation of the Hon. V. N. Mandlick and Mr. N. R. Ranina a special general meeting of the members of the library was called on the 25th October, 1880, in conformity with the 22nd article of the deed of settlement of the library and the following resolution of the committee was adopted :—That in consideration of the arrangement proposed to be made to put the Framjee Cowasjee Institute into trust by a deed of trust under which the library will be entitled to occupy the rooms at present in its possession free of rent, the members of the Native General Library be recommended to sanction the payment of Rs. 3,500 out of the funds of the library as the contribution of the library towards purchasing, in conjunction with the Students' Literary and Scientific Society, for the use of the Framjee Cowasjee Institute, the chandelier, gas fittings, and chairs now in the hall of the institute, and towards defraying the past outgoings in connection with the institute.

There were on the 31st December, 1880, 43 life members ; 39 first class members, paying Rs. 24 per annum ; 164 second class members, paying Rs. 12 per annum ; and 172 third class subscribers, paying Rs. 6 per annum ; in all 418 members ; showing an increase of 1 life member and a decrease of 2 first class, 12 second class, and 7 third class subscribers over the past year.

The daily attendance of readers on an average was 120, and 900 to 950 works were issued every month during the year.

The committee have the pleasure to announce that a fresh supply of new books was received by the library from England in May last, to the value of Rs. 1,468-8-9, purchased from the book fund account as per particulars mentioned below ; and books to the value of about Rs. 121-10 were purchased in Bombay for the use of the library. A supplementary catalogue of these books was printed and distributed among the members of the library in June last.

Byramjee Jeejeebhoy, Esq's., C. S. I.'s Fund	111	4	9
Sir Cowasjee Jehangeer Readymoney, C. S. I's Fund	146	3	5
Dinshaw Manockjee Petit, Esq., Fund	168	12	8
Dr. John Harkness, LL. D.'s Fund	354	11	7
Jamsetjee Nusserwanjee Petit, Esq	66	15	2
Baboo Kenneylal Seal	500	0	0
H. H. the Nawab of Junagadh's Fund	120	9	2
The Bombay Native General Library	121	10	0
	1,590	2	9

Sixteen volumes were presented to the library during the year by the Bombay Government, 16 volumes by the Director of Public Instruction in the Bombay presidency, and 35 volumes by the local scientific and literary societies and private gentlemen.

For these presents the committee on their own behalf, as well as on behalf of the members of this institute, offer their best thanks to the donors ; and they hope that the support hitherto given to this institute by Government and others will be continued in future.

With this report, the members of the managing committee beg to retire, leaving the management of the institution in the hands of the new committee to be elected this day.

The following propositions were carried unanimously :—

It was proposed by Dr. Cursetji F. Khory, and seconded by Mr. Shridhar Ganesh, that the report now read be received, adopted, printed, and circulated among the members of the library.

It was proposed by Rev. T. Carss, and seconded by Mr. J. Jackson, that a vote of thanks be accorded to the retiring managing committee, and auditors of the library for their services during the last year.

It was proposed by Dr. C. F. Khory, and seconded by Mr. Moreshwar Sitaram, that Messrs. Dadabhai Pestonji Master and Pandoorung Balibhadra be appointed auditors for the current year.

It was proposed by Mr. Rustomjee Pestonjee Billimoria, and seconded by Mr. Gunputrao Cassinath, that the recommendation of the managing committee of the library to accept the proposal of the Students' Literary and Scientific Society that the library should contribute one-third, the students' Society contributing two-thirds of such amount as the society may at any time be called upon by the trustees of the Framjee Cowasjee Institute to pay towards the expenses of repairs to the institute building, under the provisions of the proposed trust-deed of the Framjee Cowasjee Institute, be accepted.

Some alterations in the existing rules and regulations of the library proposed by Mr. N. J. Ratnagar were then considered. The Chairman said he might inform the meeting that the managing committee had fully considered the proposed alterations of Mr. Ratnagar. With one or two exceptions, he, in agreement with the managing committee, did not think that it would be in the interest of the institution to adopt them.

Mr. Ratnagar was called upon by the Chairman to move his first resolution, that the deed of settlement and rules and regulations as last revised be published separately, and that any member or subscriber may have a copy on application, and that a copy shall always lie on the table of the reading-room. Mr. Ratnagar said that the financial state of the library, whose annual income was Rs. 5,000 and expenditure Rs. 4,000, left a balance of Rs. 1,000 to the good, admitted of the expense of printing the deed of settlement, and the rules of the library for distribution among the members and subscribers.

The resolution was seconded by Mr. F. J. Madan, and carried.

Mr. Ratnagar next proposed his second resolution, that none of the rules, when violated by the proprietors, shall be enforced by the librarian or any other servant of the institution, although competent to make a request not to violate a rule, but always by the honorary secretary, whose duty it is, when any necessary representation is made to him, to directly communicate with them on the subject of the breach of any of the rules and regulations. Mr. Ratnagar said that his object in proposing the above alteration was to do away with certain restrictions as regards reading and reference to which the members were subjected under the existing rules. He was also a member of the Royal Asiatic Society, where one was allowed to pursue his studies or researches undisturbed.

The Chairman strongly objected to the proposition. He said its legitimate conclusion would be that if a member or subscriber—to put an extreme case, which was justified by an extreme rule—chose to walk away with a book, and if the honorary secretary was out of Bombay at the time, there could be no redress. From the establishment of the library up to the present date, during the whole course of thirty-three years, the Chairman said there was no complaint of the kind referred to by Mr. Ratnagar.

Rev. T. Crass said that, as one who had been a member of the library for the last fifteen years, his opinion might be worth something. He attended the library at all times, and he could say that if anything, the librarian was too lenient and too courteous. (Applause.) The proposed alteration was therefore quite superfluous.

The resolution was put to the vote, and lost.

Another of Mr. Ratnagar's proposed alterations, which was the subject of a somewhat lively debate was that third class members be charged six annas per month, instead of eight, as hitherto.

Mr. Nowrojee Dajee, in seconding the above, advocated the cause of poor clerks and students, to whom the reduction in fees would be a great boon.

Mr. K. T. Telang said that he, for one, was no very strongly inclined to oppose the motion. Some years back the fee of third class members was was four annas only, which was subsequently increased to eight annas. Having deliberately increased the rates, he was not for taking a leap in the dark at present by introducing a sudden innovation. He was willing to offer every facility to poor clerks and students, but it was a question whether they could do so without affecting injuriously the finances of the institution. It was therefore advisable that the matter should at first be duly and fully considered by the committee, and then brought before a general meeting of members.

Dr. C. F. Khory said that he did not share the fears of Mr. Telang with respect to the finances of the library. The lowering of rates—and he was for reducing them even to four annas—while benefiting the poor, would increase the number of subscribers. The Tramway Company flourished more, the more they reduced their rates, and the same would happen in the present case.

Mr. Hormusjee Muncherjee Chijgar said he was just told by the librarian that there were 190 third class members on the list ; and the contemplated reduction of two annas would entail a loss of twenty three rupees to the library. This, he thought, the library could well afford to bear. If the experiment was tried, he thought that it would end in success. As a matter of fact, there were many who could not afford to pay even six annas. Mr. Duxbury, if he mistook not, had once said that when the rates were reduced on the B. B. and C. I. line the number of passengers increased considerably. In the same way if the subscription was reduced, there would be a large increase of members.

Mr. J. Jackson thought that there would be a large influx of new members if the subscription was reduced to four annas. They must bear in mind that the reading-room was not of unlimited size, so as to accommodate them all. Also, he feared, persons of very low social status would join them. (Hisses, and the Chairman cried, "Order.")

Mr. Buchanan Blake spoke in favour of reduced fees. Those who had the keeping of missionary institutions knew that the students of Bombay were not a wealthy class, and that it was sometimes rather difficult to gather fees even when they were very low. He thought there should be an almost free library for students in Bombay. (Hear, hear.)

The Chairman agreed with Mr. Telang in refusing to take a leap in the dark. He would, of course, vote for any measure which, while facilitating the means of study, might not injure the permanent interests of the institution. The library, which was considered to be flourishing, was not able, till within the last few years, to pay its way out of the current revenue. If the rates were reduced they would have to increase the establishment, as well as the number of periodicals and newspapers.

On a division, the resolution about the reduction of fees was carried by a majority.

Some other alterations proposed by Mr. Ratnager were not passed. It being now close upon 8 p. m. and some alterations being still to be considered, the meeting adjourned after the scrutineers had declared the result of the voting-list. The following gentlemen were duly elected members of the managing committee for the current year :—Messrs. Nowrojee Furdunji, K. T. Telang, the Hon. Rao Saheb V. N. Mandlik, Mr. Ardesheer Framji Moos, Mr. Cursetji Rustomji Cama, and Mr. Bala Mongesh Wagle.

THE BENGAL PATRIOTIC FUND.

(FROM THE PRESS COMMISSIONER.)

A MEETING was held, on the 12th instant, of the central committee for the Patriotic Fund, with a deputation from the Bengal executive committee, for the purpose of deliberating on the system and amount of relief to be afforded. Lieutenant General the Hon. Sir Donald Stewart, G. C. B., president. A statement was submitted showing that the number of claims hitherto submitted has been—Europeans, 105 ; natives of all classes, 1,511 ; total, 1,616 : and a further statement showing that the total amount at the disposal of the central committee is Rs. 3,58,290. Thereon the following resolution was passed :—

Resolved that the number of families recommended for or claiming charitable consideration shall be ascertained, and a lump sum sent to each officer commanding the regiment to which the claimants belong. This sum shall be calculated, should funds be available, at the following rates :—

For each European family an average of Rs. 300 ; for each native family, including followers entitled to a pension, an average of Rs. 150 ; for each native family, including followers *not* entitled to pension, an average Rs. 200. The commanding officer, or distributing committee, may give more to one family, or less to another, according to the needs of each.

Two separate allotments of funds shall be sent to each European regiment from which claims are received, one being for European objects of charity, the other for followers' families.

Distribution to be made regimentally by committees ; in native regiments the committees to be mixed, European and native. The maximum donation to any one family to be restricted by the disbursing committee to the sums above mentioned, any balance over being kept to meet any further claims which may be put forward or retained, and added to any further lump sum the central committee may be in a position to place at the disposal of the regimental committees.

Each regimental disbursing committee should be instructed to exercise particular care in considering claims put forward by men describing themselves as dependents upon deceased soldiers or followers, so as to guard against relief being afforded to those able to work for their own support.

Donations will be granted to men invalided on account of wounds or sickness contracted in service who may be unable to contribute towards earning a livelihood, details of each case being submitted to the central committee by regimental committees for consideration on its own merits.

The Commander-in-Chief will be moved to cause a circular to be issued to all regiments concerned conveying instructions for the formation of regimental committees as above resolved upon.

"I HAVE been for some past years a great sufferer *from spasmodic asthma*. A friend kindly sent me a box of *Grimault's Indian Cigarettes* ; I found them quite effectual, and much more agreeable, and less irritating than the other preparations of that kind hitherto known.—W. LITTLE, Manchester."

BENGAL.

BARRISTER MEMBERS OF COUNCIL.—Mr. Pitt-Kennedy leaves India shortly, and does not intend to return. Mr. Kennedy was a strong pillar of the local bar ; possessed of vast erudition and thoroughly honest ; he was highly esteemed by the profession as well as by the Judges. He served temporarily as a Judge of the High Court, and also as a member of the Viceregal Legislative Council. In the latter capacity he showed much ability and independence. We hear that Mr. Evans succeeds Mr. Kennedy as a member of the Viceregal Legislative Council, and Mr. W. C. Bonnerjee takes his place as Standing Counsel. Both the selections are good. This is the first time a native of India has been selected to fill the post of Standing Counsel. Mr. Bonnerjee has successfully worked his way to this high honour.—*Statesman.*

THE DEPARTURE OF THEIR EXCELLENCIES THE MARQUIS AND MARCHIONESS OF RIPON.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General of India, accompanied by the Marchioness of Ripon, Major White, Mr. Primrose, Mr. A. C. Lyall, the Hon'ble Mr. Grant, Father Kerr, Captain Fitz-William, Captain Perry, Surgeon-Major N. Anderson, and Cazi Sayad Ahmed, left Howrah at 9-30 p.m. on Tuesday last by special train for Simila, stopping *en route* for twelve hours at Cawnpore. There were present at the station :—His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief and staff ; His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor and staff ; Mr. W. M. Souttar, Commissioner of Police ; Mr. Charles Buckland, Collector of Howrah ; Mr. Wilkins, District Superintendent of Police ; the Hon'ble G. F. Mewburn, the Hon'ble Rivers Thompson, Dr. Payne, the Hon'ble Maharaja Jotendra Mohan Tagore, Mr. J. Lambert, Colonel D. W. Campbell, E. I. R. V. R., Hony. A. D. C., the the Assistant Inspector-General, Government Railway Police ; Prince Mirza Mahomed Ali of Oudh, Major Jarrett, Captain Jerrad, Maharaja Norendra Krishna Bahadur and a large number of others. A guard of honour composed of 110 men under the command of Captains Denham and Laugham, with Lieutenants Ashcroft, Nevelle, Hoyle and Evans, with band, was drawn up on the platform, and observed the usual formalities incidental to ceremonies of this nature. The streets from Government House to the end of the Howrah bridge were lined with constables (European and native) of the Calcutta police force ; from the bridge to the station by the Bengal police, and the platform was in charge of the Government railway police.—*Englishman.*

MADRAS.

MADRAS MUNICIPAL MORTUARY REGISTER.—From the 5th to the 11th instant, 17 East Indians, 18 Native Christians, 273 Hindoos, and 48 Mahomedans died in Madras, or a total of 356 persons. The average of the corresponding week for the ten previous years was 275 persons. The deaths are thus classified : 72 from small-pox, 14 from measles, 66 from fever, 29 from dysentery, 16 from diarrhœa, and 159 from other diseases. The population, according to the last census, being 397,552, the death-rate in the week under notice was at the rate of 46·6 per 1,000 per annum. The mean of ten previous years was 36·0 per 1,000 per annum.

THE MYSORE RENDITION.—Five caskets to hold addresses of congratulation have been manufactured by Messrs. P. Orr and Sons, of Madras, for presentation to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore at the installation, on the 25th instant. They form an important and very beautiful addition to the now considerable number of works of a similar description that Messrs. P. Orr and Sons have produced in the last fifteen years. The ingenuity that this firm have shown in inducing Hindu mythology to provide subjects for artistic treatment is as worthy of admiration, as are the taste and finish displayed by their workmanship.

N.-W. PROVINCES, PUNJAB, AND OUDH.

THE PUNJAB VOLUNTEERS.—The Punjab Volunteer is evidently a valuable article, of which considerable care must be taken, judging from the orders issued for the camp of exercise now being held. In these orders it is gravely set down that the guards will be relieved at 9-30 P. M. by *chowkidars* ! ! Presumably the authorities fear that a volunteer might "spoil" or get a cold in his head or a stiff neck, if exposed to the chill night air ; besides, it would be so intolerably lonely and stupid keeping guard by one self without a soul to speak to. Hence the *chowkidars*. This is playing at soldiers with a vengeance. It was not always so, however, and the story of a volunteer, who had forgotten the countersign, endeavouring to get into camp without giving it, is fresh in the minds of many. It so happened on the night in question that the festive volunteer, on his way to his tent, was halted by a sentry—a personal friend—and told to give the countersign. "I've forgotten it," said he. "Very sorry," said the sentry, "but you can't pass without it." "Don't be a fool," replied the volunteer, as he made a bolt for it ; and away he went closely pursued by the sentry with his bayonet fixed, and his rifle unpleasantly near the other volunteer's person. "I say, don't," yelled the fugitive, "if I slip that beastly thing will run into me." "Halt, and give the countersign then," screamed the sentry, still pursuing his victim, "You d——d ass, I tell you I've forgotten it," replied the other. "Say 'Delhi,' you fool, or I'll run you through," roared the sentry, while the other, complying, was allowed to pass, and the sentry resumed his beat with a consciousness of having done his duty, in addition to having furnished the station with a new story.—*Civil and Military Gazette.*

COLONEL HORACE BROWNE.

THE steamer Kilwa will bear away from us Colonel Horace Browne, one of the best and cleverest officers of the British Burmah Commission. We feel certain we are but interpreting the sentiments of the public at large when we say that his departure will be profoundly and universally regretted in Burmah. Whether as Secretary to that other great and good man, Sir Arther Phayre, Deputy Commissioner in various parts of this Province, Resident at Mandalay, or Commissioner of Pegu, Colonel Browne has always and everywhere succeeded in winning the respect, sympathy, and good-will of all who had occasion to approach him. Not only his own countrymen whose interests he has served so well, but also the whole Burmese nation on both sides of the frontier will long remember him gratefully. His kind manner towards all, as well as the broad minded way in which he performed his multifarious and important duties, must make all who have at heart the well being of this province regret that the rules of the service permitted of our Government losing the valuable services of such an officer while he is still in the prime of life. We cordially wish him a safe journey home, and trust that when he has got there he will continue to take some interest in the affairs of this province, where he leaves such a large circle of friends, whose hearty good wishes for his future happiness and welfare he bears away with him.—*Rangoon Gazette.*

VOLLEYS *VS.* INDEPENDENT FIRING.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "PIONEER."

SIR,—It was with great satisfaction that I read in your impression of the 12th instant the excellent letter of "Breech-Loader," for it was, I believe, the first time that the all-important question of Volly *vs.* Independent Firing had been broached in your columns. That a question which has for so long been considered a burning question in all great continental armies, and has been generally decided in favour of volley-firing, should have attracted so little attention form English military writers, seem strange. So little attention, in fact, has been bestowed on the subject in this country, that in the rifle exercise for native troops there is no provision for volley firing by troops lying down, and lying down is the usual posittion in extended order. Any cursory observer who has happened to watch peace manœuvres must have been struck by the manner troops extended and firing independently get out of hand, each man doing very much as he chooses, and those who have observed the attack in actual warfare, even whilst the wave of victory was carrying all before it, may have thought, if the line meets with a check or is broken by the stubborn resistance of the enemy, where is the power to stay the shock and to prevent confusion ? How much more must those, happily few, who have seen, in recent years, the reverse of a British force have deplored that the men were out of hand, and no longer listened to the orders. To insure that control which is now so sadly missed in extended order, we must have recourse to volley firing. No firing should be allowed except volleys by word of command, and then only by groups or sections of such a number of men, never exceeding 25, as could be kept thoroughly under the control of a section commander.

MILES.

THE ASSASSINATION OF THE CZAR.

THE *Bombay Guardian*.—Last Sunday the Czar of Russia was assassinated by the explosion of a bomb beneath his carriage. He went forth from his place to attend a church parade. He went forth the autocrat of all the Russias, having armies numbering many millions, an ubiquitous police, an imperial exchequer. An individual is waiting for him in a certain house upon the line of march of the imperial cortege ; an individual unknown, despised, to whom the meanest man would not feel himself bound to raise his hat, as poor in what men call power as the Emperor is rich therein ; yet he has but to put his finger upon a sping and the Czar of Russia is thrown to the ground a mangled, bleeding, moribund corpse. The idolatry of kingly authority, so all but universal in this world, receives another rebuke in an event which proclaims the greatest monarch to be as frail as the delicate flower which springs up in the morning and before evening has withhered away.

THE *Indian Spectator*.—The tragic death of Alexander II., which will be unversally deplored, is fraught with deep significance for autocratic monarchs. The Russian Emperor has fallen a victim to the consequences of his own policy of reform introduced precipitately and carried out without practical statesmanship. The Russia which Alexander II has left under such tragic circumstances is full of internal commotions and social disorders, assassinations, murders, blowing up of palaces, and blowing up the trains of hated officials in the Imperial government—these need not surprise us. Unfortunate Alexander ! but little knew how he was sowing the dragon's teeth when he first promulgated his ukases of reform on a soil suited only to bring forth unripe and crude monstrosities. Russia has a vast future before her. If she only curbs her craze to acquire new territories in deserts reduces her bloated army, and encourages commerce, and sets herself nobly to the task of developing her corrupt administration, and introducing tentatively such judicious reforms only as are needed to make her great among the civilised nations of the earth—if she conscientiously begins to do all these, then there may be some hope in the future.

THE *Native Opinion*.—Several similar attempts were previously made, but did not succeed probably through the close watchfulness and vigilance of the Imperial guard. The palace was always in a state of siege, and whenever the Emperor travelled by railway, arrangements were so made as to frustrate all attempts. The Czarwitch has been proclaimed and it is devoutly to be hoped that he has a

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brilliant and safe career before him. A recent telegram tells us that on a search made in the new Emperor's palace a mine for blowing it up was discovered, and the Russian press has been warned for having demanded a constitution. The event must prove disheartening to the new Emperor, no doubt; but if he does not mean to make the waters hotter for himself, the causes may be detected for a seeking. Despotic rule in Europe is now an anachronism, and it is a strong love for this kind of government that has alienated the Russian people from the monarchy. The late Emperor must have been aware of the causes, but as it now appears his love for a thorough centralization of power and an utter disregard for the lower classes of the people have proved his ruin. Nihilism in Russia, Socialism in Germany and other doctrines coming under a similar head are the outcome of a very wide difference as regards property existing between the higher and the lower classes in those countries. And the astounding magnitude to which the doctrines prevail can be imagined by the amount of determined perseverence and self-sacrifice with which they are persued. Had the late emperor gradually yielded to the demand for a constitution by his people, he would not have met with such an end. And the new emperor seems to have committed the same mistake in warning the Russian press not to ask for a constitution.

THE *Bombay Chronicle*.—Beyond the horror arising from its cruel manner, and the unqualified hatred of the fiendish secret society whose agency has accomplished the work, their is not much that it is to be noticed as remarkable in the way that the intelligence of the assassination of the Russian Emperor has been received by the natives here. There is of course the usual sort of conversation among the few educated natives as to the merits and failings of Alexander II as a ruler and a man, but most people regard the event of the death of the emancipator of the Russian serf, the despoiler of Turkey and the subjugator of Tartary with the same stolid indifference that they would evince towards any ordinary street-murder—a mere cause of sensation for an hour or a day. The few, very few, given to meditation and deep reflection on passing events, however, watch the occurrences going on in Russia with no ordinary concern. They seem to be duly impresssed with the gravity of the future awaiting the social and political fabric of the Northern Empire and the probable influence of the same on the affairs of the civilized world, and treat with no trifling misgivings the proceedings of the worst fiends that ever existed in this sublunary world—the Nihilists of this nineteenth century, the veriest children of Satan that imagination ever depicted in verse or prose.

THE MILITARY REVOLT IN EGYPT.

WRITING from Cairo on Feb. 11, a correspondent of the *Times* says:—The even flow of Egyptian prosperity is much ruffled just now. The pleasant pictures we have given to Europe of late of verdant crops under sunny skies, happy peasants under a beneficent ruler, fertile fields watered by a bountiful river, have given place, with the suddenness of a transformation scene, to another *mise en scène*. A discontented military have been masters of the situation since the 1st of February, when the trial of three colonels by court-martial for insubordinate language induced the soldiers to march with fixed bayonets to the scene of the trial, release their chiefs and refuse to return to barracks until all their leaders were pardoned and reinstated and the Minister of War dismissed. All this they obtained and they forthwith returned to their quarters, bands playing, colours flying, and the whole body shouting "Long live the Khedive!" It was impossible to expect that after such a successful defiance of law these men would rest content without an effort to obtain further concessions. All the military of Cairo, about 3,000 men, all told, were of one mind. The regiment which actually revolted sent word on the great day to the black troops stationed at Toura, and they marched at once to join their comrades. The regiment at Kasr-el-Nil when called upon to restore order fraternized with those in revolt, while a messenger sent by the authorities to the regiment at the Abbasseih was merely put into confinement. Thus all the guardians of order in the capital were ranged on the side of insurrection. Discretion in such circumstances is the better part of valour, and no violent measures have been taken to punish the ringleaders of the rising. On the contrary, the pardon passed under pressure has been confirmed and a complete redress of all legitimate grievances has been promised on condition that no further violation of law is attempted. The chiefs of the movement acted with tolerable reason in spite of a success which might have turned their heads. At first they seemed to lean upon the counsels of the French Consul-General in a manner which was hardly seemly. Instead of consulting the representatives of the two powers together, they went to the Baron de Ring alone and poured out their grievances. He, however, after one or two interviews, not only counselled them to have patience and respect law and order, but went over to his colleague of England and detailed what had passed. Mr. Malet at once insisted very strongly on joint action, and pointed out that the true course was for them together to use the immense moral force which the two Great Powers possess in Egypt and force the men to content themselves with legal redress, and he also insisted on their duty to inform the Khedive of all that passed. This strong, straightforward course has, I think, saved the situation. Last night it was stated, on excellent authority, that the soldiers were again to rise on Monday in favour of increased pay and against unpopular Ministers and officers. But it is impossible to over-estimate the reverence the native Egyptian has for the power of England. To-day their three leaders saw the two Consuls-General, and after having heard in the plain, blunt language of the representative of the great law-loving nation of the world the inevitable catastrophe they would produce for themselves and their cause by a second hostile demonstration against all constituted authority, they consented to leave their grievances in the hands of Government and abandoned all intention of forcing their claims by a parade of their temporary supremacy. The wholesale dismissal of foreign officers they no longer claimed, the compulsory resignation of the President of the Cabinet they ceased to demand, but only urged their real grievances. In the total absence of all repressive force this is a great triumph for the two protectors of Egypt, and it is mainly due to Mr. Malet, who alone saw the supreme importance of joint action in order to tide over the crisis. Three thousand men in a city only otherwise protected by a handful of police would be a terrible element of danger if they broke away from discipline and respect for law; and the rest of the army scattered thoughout Egypt would have followed the example of their comrades. Mischievous as the movement was it was based on a real grievance. The whole army in Egypt now consists of little more than 9,000 men. But although the rank and file of the regiments which have been suppressed have been disbanded, the officers still remain *en disponibilité*. There are something like 1,500 officers, living on an average pay of £2 to £3 a month. This cannot be enough to maintain anything like the decent subsistence. Many of them were forced to marry when the late Khedive dismissed from his harem some hundreds of women. This maintenance of the officers in the army with such an insufficiency of pay is one grievance. Complaint number two is that every promotion to a superior grade has for a long time past been made in favour of Circassian or Turkish officers. It is impossible to persuade Egyptians that such promotion comes from the fact that the other two nationalities make better officers. They claim the right of their origin to hold a fair place in the army of the country. This favouritism is also in a smaller degree a legitimate grievance. But it has been carried to a most illegitimate extent. The right of the Egyptians to every post is now, or was till today, boldly put forward, and the mere fact of Turkish or Circassian origin was pleaded as a reason for dismissal from duties that have been excellently performed. Such was the ground, for instance, of the crusade of the soldiers against Riaz Pasha, who has been as pure a patriot as Egypt ever possessed. However, the whole case will now be fairly considered. The Consuls-General will prevent the fall of Riaz, unless reasons other than the senseless outcry of irritated men require it. Fair promotion will be introduced. Already a certain increase of pay has been granted. A little firmness has saved the country from a parody of the rule of the Pretorian Guard. One of the effects of the rising was that Riaz Pasha, the President of Council, yesterday wished to tender his resignation, on the ground that he had lost the confidence that was necessary for good work in his post; but on assurance that he was just as much trusted as ever he abandoned his intention. The step would have been attributed to the influences of the military and would have had a most unfortunate effect. To-morrow the Khedive receives a visit of ceremony from all the officers stationed at Cairo to mark the close of their discontent. In yesterday's paper it was stated, and it is to-day confirmed, that the pay of officers *en disponibilité* has been raised a little.

NOTICES.

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NOTICE is hereby given that the SIXTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, Limited, will be held at the Offices of the Company, on WEDNESDAY, the 30th March, 1881, at 4 p. m.

(1) To receive the Directors' Report, Bankers' Certificate, and Auditors' Report on the Audited Accounts, for year ending 31st December, 1880.
(2) To confirm election of R. Valentine Reid, Esq., as a Director.
(3) To elect Director, Auditors, and Trustees.
(4) To submit Consulting Actuary's Valuation Report on the Assets and Liabilities, to 31st December, 1879.
(5) To decide as to the amount of Profit which has been realized:—
  (a) To Assured.
  (b) As Dividend.
  (c) As Reserve.
  (d) And generally on all matters and things arising out of or germane to the Valuation of Consulting Actuary.
(6) To take into consideration the Establishment of a Fire Branch.
(7) To issue the remaining Shares.
(8) To transact any other business which may be brought before the Meeting.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A.,
Manager and Actuary
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 4th March, 1881.

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In German Silver case with key	at Rs. 40.
In German Silver case with key	,, 60 extra large & strong.
In German Silver case keyless	,, 60.
In fine Silver case with key	,, 60.
In fine Silver case keyless	,, 70.

These watches have an established reputation over all India, and can be confidently recommended to any one wanting a good and strong time-keeper.

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In open Crystal-faced German Silver case	Rs. 25.
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FROM THE BEST FRENCH MAKERS ONLY KEPT IN STOCK.

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French Kid low cut Shoes	per pair	7	0	7	8
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French Kid embroidered Shoes	,,	9	0	10	0
French Kid Jett do. Shoes	,,	9	8	10	8
French Kid Shoes with Satin Bows	,,	9	0	9	8
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Peerless Gloss and Kid Reviver, 12 annas per bottle.

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Gent's Best Calf Walking Shoes	12	8	13	8
Gent's Patent Dress Shoes, extra quality	12	8	13	8
Gent's Glove Kid Light Walking Shoes	13	0	14	0
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Gent's Glove Kid Button Boots, Patent fronts	15	0	16	8
Gent's Calf Parade Boots	14	8	16	0
Gent's Calf Walking Boots	14	8	16	0
Gent's Patent Dress Boots	15	0	16	0
Gent's Patent Court Shoes	11	8	13	0
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Best Balbriggan, embroidered colours	,,	20	0
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Dress Socks, best black silk	,,	8	8

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		Rs.	a.
Super Merino, Fawn, a soft and comfortable Sock	Doz.	20	0
Extra Super, grey, thin, soft, and shrinkless, perfectly fast colour, one of the best Socks made	,,	22	0
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Fancy Striped Merino, in various shades, wide or narrow stripes	,,	22	0
Real Scotch Shetland Lambs-wool, pure wool	,,	25	0
Knickerbocker Hose, stout hand-knit	Pair	3	12

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Grey Lambs-wool Vests, very warm	6 for	36	0

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		Rs.	a.
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Annual Premium to assure £100 for the whole term of life.

Age next Birthday.	With Profits. £	s.	d.	Without Profits. £	s.	d.
20	3	9	10	3	3	2
25	3	14	0	3	8	1
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35	4	6	3	4	0	10
40	4	14	11	4	8	9
45	5	6	5	4	19	5

The sums assured and premiums will be expressed in the Polices in English money, and so long as the assured is in India, the premiums will be payable to the Agents in Rupees, at the rate of exchange fixed from year to year for the adjustment of financial transactions between the Imperial and Indian Governments, and which is at present 1s. 8½d.

Further information can be had on application to

EWART, LATHAM & Co.,
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12th March, 1881.

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THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the SOCIETY will be held in the above Institution on MONDAY, the 28th instant, at 5 o'clock p. m., when His Excellency SIR JAMES FERGUSSON, Bart., K. C. M., G., C. I. E., Governor of Bombay, will preside. All interested in the Institution are invited to be present.

W. G. MAYHEW, Honorary Secretary.
Bombay, 14th March, 1881.

TENDERS are invited for the CONSTRUCTION of a SPINNING and WEAVING MILL on Arthur-road near Mahaluxmi station. The plans can be inspected and all particulars obtained on application at the Architect's office.

Sealed tenders to be sent in to the undersigned not later than 12 o'clock noon of MONDAY, the 21st instant.

The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

DAVID GOSTLING, F. R. I., B. A., Architect.
Bombay, 26, Apollo Street, March 14, 1881.

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A BRAND new handsome Self-driving PARK PHAETON, suitable for a single horse or a pair of Galloways. Price, Rs. 1,050.

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Annual Revenue	£200,000	Invested Funds	£1,025,309

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Quarts....... Rs. 4 12 per doz. in Casks of 4 doz.
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Heidsick's Dry Monopole	,, 55 0	56 0
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Deidesheimer	,, 17 8	,, 20 8
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Steinwein	,, 22 0	..
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Ruedesheimer	,, 26 12	,, 29 12
Marcobrunner	,, 30 8	,, 33 8
Queen Victoria Berg	,, 36 8	..
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Boulestin & Co.'s do. ** 2 stars	,, 20 0	
Do. do. *** 3 stars	,, 24 8	
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Fromy & Rogee's Brandy *** 3 stars	,, 32 0	
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Do. do.	40 ,,	,, 7 12	,,
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Do. do.	40 ,,	,, 7 5	,,
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Do. do.	40 ,,	,, 6 8	,,

These pure Sugars are in Patent Water-proof Bags.
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The following Pictures have appeared:—

The Stirrup Cup, After the Ball, High Holiday, By Proxy, When the Cat's Away, Calling the Kine, A Passing Cloud, A Connoisseur, Haidee, Punting, Don Quixote, First fruits for My Lord, My Intended, Sir! Love's Season, Martin Luther, The Capitalist, An Evening in the Terraces, My poor old Tub.

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